Foster County		
North Dakota		
2018		
Zoning Regulation		

^{**}Any wording in orange print is a pending change in the Zoning Regulation

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ARTICLE 1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Title
- 1.1.1 This Ordinance, its regulations, and the County zoning map shall be known and cited as the Foster County Zoning Ordinance.
- 1.2 Purpose and intent
- 1.2.1 To protect public health, safety, prosperity, and general welfare of Foster County, North Dakota.
- 1.2.2 To secure safety from fire, noxious fumes, and other dangers.
- 1.2.3 The purpose of this Ordinance is to promote the health, safety, and welfare of the people of Foster County. It is intended that the establishment of this Ordinance will promote orderly and non-conflicting uses of land and property, protect property rights, ensure the provisions of adequate public services and promote conservation of land, water, and other natural resources to assist in the realization of goals and objectives of the County Comprehensive Plan and subsequent amendments thereto.
- 1.2.4 To promote orderly development of the County's resources including, but not limited to, land, wind, and water resources, and to prevent conflict among land uses and structures.
- 1.3 Authority
- 1.3.1 This Zoning Ordinance is developed and enacted under authority granted to Foster County in North Dakota Century Code (NDCC) 11-33.
- 1.4 Jurisdiction
- 1.4.1 General
- 1.4.1.1 This Ordinance shall affect all unincorporated territory over which the County Commissioners have jurisdiction in Foster County, North Dakota except as indicated below.
- 1.4.2 Extraterritorial areas
- 1.4.2.1 This Ordinance shall not affect any property, real or personal, which is located within the zoning or subdivision authority of any township having lawfully enacted regulations a provided in NDCC 58-03-11 through 58-03-15, except where such township supervisors relinquish to the County their powers or any portion thereof, to enact zoning regulations. This Ordinance shall not affect any property, real or personal, located within the zoning or subdivision authority of any city of this state, except that any such city may be resolution of its governing body relinquish to the County its authority, or any portion thereof, to enact zoning or subdivision regulations under NDCC 40-47 or 40-48, in which case such property shall be subject to the provisions of this Ordinance.
- 1.5 Interpretation
- 1.5.1 These regulations shall be held to be minimum requirements adopted for promotion of purposes cited in Section 1.2. Whenever the requirements of these regulations are at variance with the requirements of other lawfully adopted rules, regulations, ordinances, deed restrictions or covenants, the most restrictive shall govern unless otherwise specifically stated.
- 1.6 Severability
- 1.6.1 If any part, provision, or portion of these regulations is adjudged invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Ordinance shall not be affected thereby.
- 1.7 Effective date
- 1.7.1 These regulations shall be effective upon adoption by the County Commissioners as provided by the NDCC.

1.8 Non-restriction of farming

1.8.1 No regulation or restriction contained in this Ordinance shall be construed to prohibit or prevent the use of land or buildings for farming or any of the normal incidents of farming.

1.9 Disclaimer

1.9.1 This Ordinance shall not create liability on the part of Foster County, any officer or employee thereof, or the Federal Insurance Administration for any damage that results from reliance on this Ordinance or any administrative decision lawfully made there under.

ARTICLE 2 RULES AND DEFINITIONS

2.1 Rules

- 2.1.1 In construction of these regulations, the rules and definitions contained in this section shall be observed and applied except when the context clearly indicates otherwise.
- 2.1.2 Words used in present tense shall include the future.
- 2.1.3 Words used in singular number shall include the plural number, and the plural the singular.
- 2.1.4 Shall is a mandatory word and not discretionary.
- 2.1.5 May is a permissive word.

2.2 Definitions

- 2.2.1 The definition of specific terms used in this Ordinance is:
- 2.2.2 "Accessary building and uses" means a subordinate building or portion of the main building the use of which is clearly incidental to and serves exclusively the principal building or principle use. The accessary building or use shall be located on the same zoning lot and it is established to contribute to the comfort, convenience, or necessity of occupants of the principal building or principal use.
- 2.2.3 "Adjoining properties" means properties contiguous with the wind energy facility perimeter and external to such perimeter
- 2.2.4 "Agriculture (farming, ranching)" means the art or science of cultivating the soil and activities incidental thereto; cultivating land for production of agricultural crops or livestock raising, feeding, or producing livestock, poultry, milk, or fruit. The term shall include incidental retail selling by the producer of products raised on the premises, provided that space necessary for parking of vehicles by customers shall be furnished off the public right-of-way. The term does not include producing timber or forest products, nor does the term include a contract whereby a processor or distributor of farm products or supplies, provides grain, harvesting grain, or other farm services. See also NDCC 11-33-02.
- 2.2.5 "Airport" means any area designated for the landing and takeoff of aircraft and any appurtenant areas that are used or intended for use for airport buildings and structures including runways, taxi-ways, aircraft storage and tie-down areas, hangars and other related facilities and open spaces other than landing strips used for family purposes.
- 2.2.6 "Alternate livestock type" means any livestock other than those listed in Section 6.9.2.1.
- 2.2.7 "Animal feeding operation" means a place where livestock have been, are, or will be confined, concentrated and fed for 45 (forty five) or more days in any 12 (twelve) month period; pasture, crops or other vegetation are not normally managed or sustained for grazing during the normal grazing season; and animal waste or manure accumulates. This term does not include an animal wintering operation. Two or more feeding operations under common ownership shall be considered a single animal operation, if they use a common system for manure handling.

- 2.2.8 "Animal hospital or kennel" means a building or premises set up for treatment and boarding of domestic animals including veterinary facilities. 2.2.9 "Animal wintering operation" means the confinement of cattle or sheep used or kept for breeding purposes in a feedlot or sheltered area at any time between October 15 and May 15 of each production cycle under circumstances in which these animals do not obtain a majority of their feed and nutrients from grazing. The term includes the weaned offspring of cattle and sheep, but it does not include breeding operations of more than 1,000 (one thousand) animal units or weaned offspring that are kept longer than 210 (two hundred and ten) days and that are not retained for breeding purposes. 2.2.10 "Applicant" means an individual, corporation, group of individuals, partnership, joint venture, owners, or any other business entity having charge or control of 1 (one) or more animal feeding operations. 2.2.11 "Aquifer" means a geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a formation capable of storing and yielding ground water to wells and springs. 2.2.12 "Base flood" or 100-year (one hundred-year) flood means the flood having a 1 (one) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. 2.2.13 "Base flood elevation" means the height of the base flood or 100-year (one hundred-year) flood usually in feet above mean sea level. 2.2.14 "Basement" means any area of the building having its floor subgrade (below ground level) on all sides. "Best available data" means water elevation information from any source used to estimate or 2.2.15 determine a base flood elevation (i.e. high water mark). 2.2.16 "Building" means any structure designed or intended for shelter, housing, business, office, and accommodation of persons, animals, chattels, or property. 2.2.17 "Building area" means that portion of the zoning lot that can be occupied by the principal use, excluding the front, rear, and side yards. "Building height" means vertical distance from the grade to the highest point of the roof. 2.2.18 2.2.19 "Building line" means a line establishing the minimum distance that structures may be placed from the lot lines or highway right-of-way. For the purposes of these regulations, the building line is the same as the setback line. 2.2.20 "Building, principal" means a building, the principal use of which is single family and multi-family dwellings, and offices, shops, stores, and other uses. 2.2.21 "Certificate of site compatibility" means a certificate of site compatibility within the meaning of the NDCC 49.22 or successor statute. 2.2.22 "Channel" means a natural or man-made water course for conducting the flowing water. 2.2.23 "Closure" means taking of those actions to close and reclaim a feedlot. Closure actions may include, but are not limited to, cleaning of buildings, disposal of manure, and demolition and/or removal of all
- 2.2.24 "Club or lodge" means a private club or lodge that is a nonprofit association of persons for the purpose of gatherings and entertaining members including consumption of food and beverage.

manure storage structures.

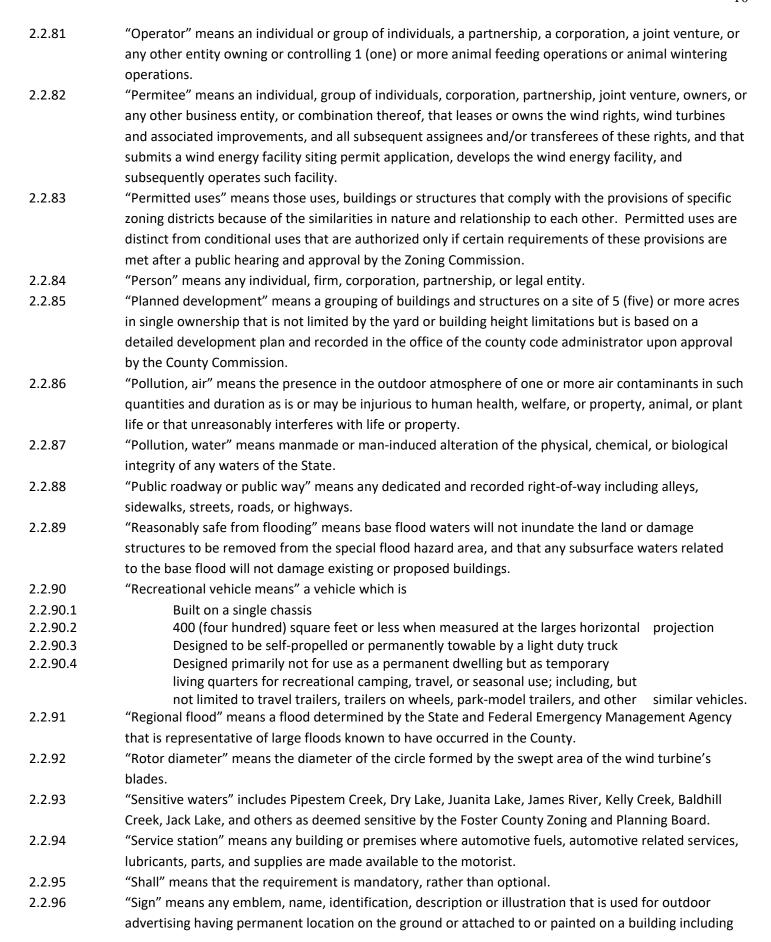
- 2.2.25 "Comprehensive plan" means a guide for management of the physical resources and development of the County as adopted by the County Commission.
- 2.2.26 "Concentrated animal feeding operation" means a place that meets the regulatory definition of an animal feeding operation and has greater than 1000 (one thousand) animal units or is a medium animal feeding operation or small animal feeding operation and meets one of the following criteria (called discharge criteria): a man-made ditch, pipe, or similar device that carries manure or process wastewater





2.2.65 "Manufactured home park or subdivision" means a parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into 2 (two) or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale. 2.2.66 "Manure" means fecal material and urine from livestock, as well as animal-housing wash water, bedding material, rainwater, or snow melt that comes in contact with fecal material or urine. 2.2.67 "Marijuana" means any species in the genus Cannabis, including but not limited to Cannabis sativa, Cannabis indica, and Cannabis ruderalis. Means all parts of the plant of the genus Cannabis; the seeds of the plant; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, the seeds of the plant, or the resin extracted from any part of the plant. 2.2.68 "Medical marijuana" means a product intended for human consumption or use which contains cannabinoid concentrate containing, derived from, or containing a derivative of marijuana in any form, including but not limited to plants, seeds, and resins or any medical marijuana product. 2.2.69 "Medical marijuana manufacturing center" means an entity or facility registered with the North Dakota Department of Health for the cultivation, growing, cloning, manufacturing, acquiring, storage, delivery, transfer, transport, sale, supply of medical marijuana or related products to a North Dakota registered medical marijuana distribution center. 2.2.70 "Medical marijuana registered designated caregiver" means an individual who is registered with the North Dakota Department of Health who agrees to manage the well-being of a medical marijuana qualifying patient with respect to the medical marijuana qualifying patient's medical use of marijuana. 2.2.71 "Medical marijuana qualifying patient" means a person who has been diagnosed with a debilitating medical condition by a physician licensed to practice medicine in the State of North Dakota and who has in that person's possession a current, valid photo identification issued by the State of North Dakota or the United States of America and a current, valid document issued by the North Dakota Department of Health to that person and authorizing that person to possess and use medical 2.2.72 "MET tower" means temporary and permanent meteorological towers used for the measurement of wind speed. 2.2.73 "Mobile home" means a manufactured trailer intended for family residential occupancy. 2.2.74 "Mobile home park" means a parcel of land for which a detailed plan indicating the location of lots, blocks, streets, facilities, and utilities exist. 2.2.75 "New construction" means structures for which the "start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of this Ordinance. 2.2.76 "Nonconforming building" means any building that does not comply with any or all of these regulations. 2.2.77 "Nonconforming use" means any principal use of land or building that does not comply with any or all of these regulations. 2.2.78 "Nursing home or convalescent home" means a home for the aged or infirm in which unrelated persons are accommodated for compensation. 2.2.79 "Nutrient management plan" (applicable to cattle-feeding operations with 1000 [one thousand] head) means a written description of the equipment, method(s), and schedule(s) by which 2.2.78.1 Manure, litter, and process wastewater is beneficially reused in an environmentally safe manner such as being applied to land at appropriate agronomic rates a nutrients or fertilizers, and 2.2.78.2 Water pollution and air pollution (including odors) are controlled sufficiently to protect the environment and public health. 2.2.80 "Occupied structures and facilities" mean any occupied dwelling, commercial building, or publicly-used

structure or facility.



	bulletin boards, billboards and poster boards, but excluding real estate for sale signs, political campaign
2 2 07	signs, public information and traffic signs.
2.2.97	"Site plan" means a detailed plan for making improvements to parcel(s) of land for the purpose of
2 2 00	building and development as provided in these regulations.
2.2.98	"Small animal feeding operation" means under 300 (three hundred) animal units.
2.2.99	"Source-water protection area" means a boundary that defines the surface and subsurface areas
	surrounding a water well or a well field that supplies a public water system and through which
2.2.400	contaminants are likely to move toward and reach such water well or field.
2.2.100	"Special flood hazard area" means an area of land that would be inundated by a flood having a 1-
2 2 101	percent (one-percent) chance of occurring in any given year.
2.2.101	"Start of construction" includes substantial improvement and means the date the building permit was
	issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, placement, or other
	improvement occurred within 1 (one) year of the permit date. The actual start means the first
	placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slab or footings,
	the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation or
	the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include
	land preparation, such as clearing, grading and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets
	and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or
	the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory
2 2 4 2 2	buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure.
2.2.102	"Stream" means any running body of surface water that ordinarily flows within a channel. This includes
	both perennial and intermittent streams.
2.2.103	"Structural alterations" means any change in the supporting elements of a building or structure
	including load-bearing elements, partitions, columns, beams, girders, roofs, exterior walls and
2.2.104	embankment. "Structure" means any building with walls and a roof constructed or erected, the use of which
2.2.104	•
	requires permanent location on the ground including advertising signs, billboards, manufactured homes and gas or liquid above-ground storage tanks.
2.2.105	"Substantial damage" means damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of
2.2.103	restoring the building to its pre-damaged condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market
	value of the structure before the damage occurred.
2.2.106	"Substantial improvement" means any repair, reconstruction, or improvement of a structure, the cost of
	which equals or exceeds 50 (fifty) percent of the market value of the structure either
2.2.106.1	Before the improvement or repair is started or
2.2.105.2	If the structure has been damaged and is being restored, before the damage occurred. For the
	purposes of this definition "substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first
	alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building commences, whether
	or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure. The term does not,
	however, include either
2.2.105.2.1	Any project for improvement of a structure to comply with existing State or local
	health, sanitary, or safety code specifications that are solely necessary to assure safe
	living conditions
2.2.105.2.2	Any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a
	State Inventory of Historic Places.

- 2.2.107 "Surface water" means water of the State located on the ground surface such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, and creeks.
- 2.2.108 "Total height" means, when referring to a wind turbine, the distance measured from the ground level to the blade extended at its highest point.
- 2.2.109 "County" means Foster County.
- 2.2.110 "Utilities" means installations for conducting water, sewage, gas, electricity, television, storm water, and similar facilities providing service to and used by the public.
- 2.2.111 "Variance" means the relaxation of the terms of the zoning regulations in relationship to building height, size of the front, or rear and side yards, where the literal enforcement of these regulations could create unreasonable hardship, but it is not contrary to the purposes of the County Comprehensive Plan and these regulations.
- "Waters of the state" means all waters within the jurisdiction of this State, including all streams, lakes, ponds, impounding reservoirs, marshes, watercourses, waterways, wells, springs, irrigation systems, drainage systems, and all other bodies or accumulations of water, surface or underground, natural or artificial, public or private, situated wholly or partly within or bordering upon the State, except those private waters that do not combine or effect a junction with natural surface or underground waters just defined.
- 2.2.113 "Wind energy facility" means a facility directly generating electricity or indirectly generating electricity or energy through production of hydrogen, compressed air or other energy carrier from conversion of wind to energy and consisting of one or more wind turbines under common ownership or operating control, and includes substations, temporary and permanent MET Towers, cables/wires and other buildings accessory to such facility, whose main purpose is to supply electricity directly, or through wind energy conversion to another form of energy, to off-site customer(s).
- 2.2.114 "Wind energy facility perimeter" means the boundary of the wind energy facility as defined by the external property lines of landowners who have a contractual relationship with the Permitee and who will receive wind turbine compensation type payments or other forms of revenue derived from wind turbines sited within such wind energy facility.
- 2.2.115 "Wind energy facility siting permit" means a construction and operating permit granted in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance.
- 2.2.116 "Wind turbine" means a wind energy conversion system which converts wind energy into electricity, hydrogen, compressed air, or some other energy carrier and includes the turbine, blade, tower, base and pad transformer, if any; provided that such a system shall only be a wind turbine for the purposes of Section 6.11, if it has a nameplate capacity of 100 (one hundred) kilowatts or greater. Wind turbines of less than 100 (one hundred) kilowatts nameplate capacity will be regulated pursuant to Section 6.7.
- 2.2.117 "Yard" means an open space on the zoning lot which is unoccupied or unobstructed by any portion of a structure from the ground upward.
- 2.2.118 "Zoning Commission" shall mean a body consisting of no more than 9 (nine) members. The membership is appointed yearly by the County Commission's December meeting. At least 1 (one) member (at large member) must be appointed from each district; at least 2 (two) (at large members) must be from the governing body of the city that is the County seat; and at most, 2 (two) members may be from the County Commissioners (ex officio members). Ex officio members' terms of office on the Zoning Commission shall coincide with their terms of office. Three (3) at large members shall be appointed for a 2 (two)-year term and 2 (two) at large members shall be appointed for a 4 (four)-year term. All subsequent appointments shall be for a 4 (four)-year term. Appointments to fill

vacancies shall be for the unexpired portion of the term. (Approved 12/12/2017 Planning and Zoning meeting kle)

ARTICLE 3 GENERAL PROVISIONS

3.1 Compliance

- 3.1.1 No building or land shall hereafter be used or occupied and no building shall be erected, moved, or altered unless in conformity with these regulations. All agriculture (farming and ranching) buildings or land are to abide by setbacks but are exempt from building permits.
- 3.1.2 No person, firm, or corporation shall erect, construct, make structural changes or move any structure without first obtaining a building permit. Application for a building permit shall be made to the county code administrator, who may issue said permitted-use permit. Permits other than permitted-use permits shall be brought to the Zoning Commission for action. No building permit shall be issued if the actions described in the application would constitute a violation of this Ordinance.
- 3.1.3 If, for any reason, a permitted-use building permit is initially denied by the county code administrator, the applicant shall be informed within seven days of the date of application. The applicant may then request a hearing before the Zoning Commission to appeal for a reversal of such denial or may reapply after making whatever changes in the application deemed necessary by the county code administrator. If, for any reason, a building permit is initially denied by the Zoning Commission, the applicant shall be informed within seven days of the date of application. The applicant may then reapply after making whatever changes in the application deemed necessary by the Zoning Commission or appeal to a court of law.
- The fee schedule for a building permit is listed within this document available on the County webpage (www.fostercounty.com) or from the county code administrator at the County Courthouse.

 (Approved 12/12/2017; Planning and Zoning meeting kle)
- 3.1.5 Building height, lot area, and yards
- 3.1.5.1 No building shall exceed the height, occupy larger part of lot area, and no lot shall be created smaller than the requirements of these regulations.
- 3.1.6 Substandard lot
- 3.1.6.1 All existing lots at the date of adoption of these regulations shall be deemed buildable unless for reasons of land suitability, flooding, and other physical limitations contrary to the purpose of these regulations.
- 3.2 Amendments
- 3.2.1 The County Commission may, from time to time, amend, supplement, or repeal any part of these regulations after a public notice and hearing.
- 3.3 Comprehensive Plan
- 3.3.1 These regulations are administered and enforced to implement the County Comprehensive Plan, a document adopted by the County Commission as a policy guide for protection of the County's natural resources and accommodating the type of development deemed appropriate including but not limited to the following objectives.
- 3.3.1.1 To conserve the taxable value of land and buildings in the County.
- 3.3.1.2 To encourage the most appropriate use of land in the County.
- 3.3.1.3 To protect the character and maintain the stability of farming activities and production.
- 3.3.1.4 To regulate and restrict the location and intensity of use of buildings and land not related to farming.

3.3.1.5 To facilitate traffic movement and promote development of compatible uses.

3.4 Non-conforming uses

3.4.1 The lawful use of a building or premises existing at the date of adoption of these regulations may be continued. Where a non-conforming use is discontinued for a period of more than twelve consecutive calendar months any subsequent use or occupancy of such premises shall conform to these regulations. Whenever a building is destroyed or damaged by fire or other casualty to the extent of more than 60 (sixty) percent of its market value it shall not be restored unless said building shall conform to the provisions of the district in which it is located. Non-conforming uses shall not be expanded to occupy a larger area of land than existed at the date of adoption of these regulations unless approved by the Zoning Commission after a public hearing.

3.5 Land suitability

3.5.1 No land shall be used for a purpose that is held unsuitable for the reason of flooding, soil limitations, inadequate drainage, incompatibility with adjoining uses, or any condition likely to be harmful to the health, safety, or the welfare of the people in the area. The Zoning Commission may require information and data to determine the land suitability. The County may consult with County and State agencies to assist in its determination.

3.6 Conditional uses

3.6.1 Where a use is classified as a conditional use under these regulations and exists at the date of adoption of these regulations, it shall be considered a permitted use. Where a use is not allowed as a conditional use or permitted use, under these regulations, and exists at the date of adoption of these regulations, it shall be considered non-conforming and shall be subject to the non-conforming buildings and use provisions.

3.7 Road and highway access

A permit for access to the County roads is required by the County Commission. In granting the access permit to the County roads, the County Commission may adopt rules and regulations as to the number of access points per mile, the width, construction, and other features of the access to the adjoining properties. The County Commission may place conditions when granting a road access permit. Farm driveways and field access points are exempt from these provisions. Contact Foster County Highway Department (Nate Monson, Superintendent; nmonson@daktel.com; 701-652-3926) when access or approach is needed. All approaches must have a culvert. The Foster County Highway Department Supervisor will provide the details for the access or approach.

3.8 Road and highway setbacks

3.8.1 All buildings and structures shall be placed at least 100 (one hundred) feet from the center of County and State roads and highways for the purpose of preventing hazardous accumulations of snow and to allow for future widening of public right-of-ways. Tree plantings and shelterbelts shall be planted at least 100 (one hundred) feet from center of all roads.

ARTICLE 4 ZONING DISTRICT BOUNDARIES AND MAP

- 4.1 Zoning district
- 4.1.1 To carry out the purposes and provisions of these regulations, the following zoning districts are hereby established.
- 4.1.1.1 Agricultural zone 4.1.1.2 Rural residential zone
- 4.1.1.3 Residential community zone
- 4.1.1.4 Commercial zone
 4.1.1.5 Industrial zone
- 4.1.1.6 Recreation/open space zone
- 4.2 Zoning district map
- 4.2.1 Zoning districts

- 4.2.1.1 The location and boundaries of the zoning districts are hereby established as shown on the Zoning district map on file in the office of the county code administrator. The zoning district maps, together with all information shown thereon and all amendments thereto, shall be an integral part of these regulations.
- 4.2.2 Public roads and highways as boundary
- 4.2.2.1 Where zoning district boundary lines are indicated as following roads and highways or extensions thereof, such boundary lines shall be construed to be the center line of said roads and highways or extension thereof unless clearly shown to the contrary.
- 4.2.3 Property line as boundary
- 4.2.3.1 Where a zoning district boundary line coincides approximately but not exactly with the property line, the zoning boundary shall be construed to be the lot line at that location. All section lines, quarter-section lines, and quarter-guarter-section lines may be construed as the property lines.
- 4.2.4 District description for lands not subdivided
- 4.2.4.1 For lands that are not subdivided, zoning district boundaries are determined by a metes and bounds description or by a legal description as deemed necessary.
- 4.2.5 Vacated areas
- 4.2.5.1 Where a public road or highway is vacated by the official action of the County Commission, the zoning district boundaries shall be extended to the center of the vacated public road or highway.
- 4.2.6 Zoning district boundary interpretation
- 4.2.6.1 Where any uncertainty exists as to the exact location of the zoning district boundary lines, the County Commission shall determine the location of such boundary lines.
- 4.2.7 Certification
- 4.2.7.1 The official zoning map shall bear a certificate with the signature of the County Commission and certification of the County Clerk and date of adoption of the zoning map as an integral part of these regulations.

ARTICLE 5 ZONING DISTRICT REGULATIONS

- 5.1 Agricultural district
- 5.1.1 Purpose
- 5.1.1.1 The purpose of this district is to provide for preservation and protection of agricultural lands and to discourage uses incompatible with agricultural operations or detrimental to agricultural lands utilization.
- 5.1.2 Permitted uses
- 5.1.2.1 All types of farming and ranching operations including dairying, livestock and poultry raising, apiaries, fur farming, and harvesting and selling crops and forest products.
- 5.1.2.2 Accessory buildings and structures
- 5.1.2.3 Churches
- 5.1.2.4 Home occupations
- 5.1.2.5 Parks, playgrounds, and conservation/recreation areas
- 5.1.2.6 Public and private schools
- 5.1.2.7 Public buildings and facilities including County garages
- 5.1.2.8 Single-family non-farm residential units subject to the details in these regulations
- 5.1.2.9 Stock piling of sand and gravel for road construction and maintenance
- 51.2.10 Utility lines and pipe lines including substations for transformers, pumping stations, and lift stations
- 5.1.2.11 Wind energy facility with one (1) or more wind turbines of 100 (one hundred) kilowatts nameplate capacity or greater subject to the provisions of Section 6.11
- 5.1.2.12 Veterinary clinics, animal hospitals, live and domestic animal kennels not nearer than 500 (five
 - hundred) feet from any residence except the residence of the owner or operator.

5.1.3	Conditional uses
5.1.3.1	Livestock sales arenas, concentrated animal feeding operations, slaughterhouses, as previously defined, provided that no livestock sales arena, feedlot, or slaughterhouse is be located within
	2,640 (two thousand six hundred and forty) feet of any natural surface water body that contains
	water on an average of more than 2 (two) months of any given year
5.1.3.2	Commercially operated air landing strip and accessory buildings
5.1.3.3	Concentrated animal feeding operations that are subject to these regulations
5.1.3.4	Voltage transmission lines and accessory structures
5.1.3.5	Manufacturing and processing of agricultural products produced in the area
5.1.3.6	Radio, TV stations and towers
5.1.3.7	Sale and services of agricultural equipment and machinery
5.1.3.8	Salvage and junk yards subject to provisions of Section 6.6
5.1.3.9	Sanitary landfills subject to the provisions of Section 6.5
5.1.3.10	Sewage lagoons and wastewater treatment facilities
5.1.3.11	Golf courses
5.1.3.12 5.1.3.13	Grain elevators and accessory structures Cemeteries
5.1.3.14	Storage of farm-related chemicals
5.1.3.15	Mining of sand and gravel subject to provisions of Section 6.4
5.1.3.16	Mobile homes
5.1.3.17	Public and non-profit wildlife management areas
5.1.3.18	Skeet, trap, and rifle ranges if not nearer than 1,000 (one thousand) feet from any residence
5.1.3.19	Medical marijuana manufacturing center and medical marijuana distribution center subject to
	the provisions of Section 6.12
5.1.4	Lot area and lot width
5.1.4.1	For non-farm residential uses the lot area shall not be less than 5 (five) acres
5.1.4.2	For non-residential uses the lot area shall not be less than 5 (five) acres
5.1.4.3	The lot width for any use in the agricultural district shall not be less than 250 (two hundred fifty)
	feet
5.1.5	Yard requirements
5.1.5.1	Minimum setback of non-farm structures shall be 100 (one-hundred) feet from the center of any
	public road and 50 (fifty) feet from any lot line of any lot of record
5.2 Rural r	esidential zone
5.2.1	The intent and purpose of the rural residential zone is to allow the development of moderate-density
	residential areas in a manner that does not interfere with farming and business activities and is not
	unduly destructive to the infrastructure or environment of the County.
5.2.2	Permitted uses
5.2.2.1	Agricultural
5.2.2.2	One- and two-family residences
5.2.2.3	Schools, churches, and cemeteries
5.2.2.4	Public parks, playgrounds, and open spaces
5.2.2.5	Community meeting halls
5.2.3	Conditional uses
5.2.3.1	Medical care facilities and nursing homes
5.2.3.2	Mobile home courts
5.2.3.3	Animal hospitals or clinics
5.2.3.4	Commercial dog kennels
5.2.3.5	Government administrative, maintenance, or research facilities

5.2.3.6	Campgrounds
5.2.3.7	Water treatment facilities, sewage lagoons, and sediment ponds provided that written proof that all water treatment facilities, sewage lagoons, and sediment ponds meet or exceed the approval criteria set forth by any and all State agencies or officials. This documentation shall be required prior to approval of a conditional use permit for such use. Said written proof shall be signed by the acting agency director or official or his/her authorized representative.
5.2.4	Rural residential zone district regulations
5.2.4.1	The minimum size of a rural residential zone district shall be 10 (ten) acres
5.2.4.2	Minimum lot size shall be 20,000 (twenty thousand) square feet for lots served by public water
	or sewer and 3 (three) acres for lots not served by public water or sewer
5.2.4.3	Minimum setback of any structure shall be 100 (one hundred) feet from any right-of-way and 50 (fifty) feet from any lot line
5.2.4.4	Any structure exceeding 35 (thirty five) feet in height shall require a conditional use permit with
3.2.4.4	the exception of metal towers such as windmills and antennas
5.2.4.5	The maximum intensity of buildings or other structures on any lot shall be 30 (thirty) percent of
5.2.4.5	the lot area
5.2.4.6	Any two-family residential structures shall include off-street parking space for at least 2 (two) full-size automobiles
5.2.4.7	Points of ingress and egress from any public road shall be limited to 1 (one) per ¼ (one-quarter) mile in or from any rural residential zone property. A frontage road shall be constructed as necessary to allow access to public roads via the allowable points of ingress and egress
5.2.4.8	Minimum setback of any non-farm vegetation exceeding 48 (forty eight) inches in height that is left standing after November 1st of any year shall be 100 (one hundred) feet from
F 2	any public right-of-way
5.3	Residential community zone
5.3.1	The intent and purpose of the residential community zone is to preserve the integrity and character of
F 2 2	rural residential areas and incorporated or unincorporated cities and small towns in the County.
5.3.2	Permitted uses
5.3.2.1	Agriculture
5.3.2.2	Single-family residences
5.3.2.3	Multi-family residences containing four units or less
5.3.2.4	Public parks, playgrounds, and open spaces
5.3.3	Conditional uses
5.3.3.1	Campgrounds
5.3.3.2	Keeping of livestock on lots of 30,000 (thirty thousand) square feet or more
5.3.3.3	Water treatment facilities, sewage lagoons, and sediment ponds provided that written proof that all proposed water treatment facilities, sewage lagoons, and sediment ponds meet or exceed the approval criteria set forth by any or all State agencies or officials shall be required prior to approval of a conditional use permit for such use. Said written proof shall be signed by the acting agency director or official or his/her authorized representative.
5.3.4	Residential community zone district regulations
5.3.4.1	The minimum size of a residential community district shall be 40 (forty) acres
5.3.4.2	Minimum lot size shall be 5,000 (five thousand) square feet for lots served by public water or sewer and 20,000 (twenty thousand) square feet for lots not served by public water or sewer

5.3.4.3	Minimum setback of any structure shall be 25 (twenty five) feet from any public right-of-way and 10 (ten) feet from any lot line
5.3.4.4	Any structure exceeding 35 (thirty five) feet in height shall require a conditional use permit with
	the exception of metal towers such as windmills and antennas
5.3.4.5	The maximum intensity of buildings or other structures on any lot shall be 40 (forty) percent of
	the lot area
5.3.4.6	Any residential structures for two or more families shall include off-street parking space for at
- 4	least one full-size automobile per housing unit
5.4	Commercial zone
5.4.1	The intent and purpose of the commercial zone is to provide areas in the County in which commercial
	sales and service establishments may be situated such that they complement the surrounding land uses,
- 42	economy, and social structure.
5.4.2	Permitted uses
5.4.2.1	Agriculture including any permitted use in the agricultural zone as listed in Section 5.1
5.4.2.2	Retail business
5.4.2.3	Auction houses or stores, excluding livestock sales
5.4.2.4	Automobile, motorized vehicle, boat, motor home, and implement sales including repair and
- 12 F	storage facilities
5.4.2.5	Business, professional, and government offices
5.4.2.6	Repair shops, upholstery shops, auto body shops, and equipment retail shops
5.4.2.7	Hotels, motels, and seasonal campgrounds less than 1 (one) acre in size
5.4.2.8	Lodges, clubs, fraternal, and community meeting halls
5.4.2.9	Warehousing not to include any outside storage
5.4.2.10	
- 4 2 44	thousand) square feet of floor space
5.4.2.11	
5.4.2.12	Race tracks, drive-in theaters, movie houses, gun clubs, carnivals, circuses, and other similar entertainment enterprises
5.4.2.13	·
5.4.2.1 ²	•
5.4.2.15	
5.4.2.13 5.4.3	Conditional uses
5.4.3.1	Residential dwellings of not more than 4 (four) housing units
5.4.3.2	Commercial dog kennels
5.4.3.3	Medical care facilities and nursing homes
5.4.3.4	Water treatment facilities, sewage lagoons, and sediment ponds provided that written proof
J.4.J.4	that all water treatment facilities, sewage lagoons, and sediment ponds meet or exceed the
	approval criteria set forth by any and all State agencies or officials shall be required prior to
	approval criteria set forth by any and an state agencies of officials shall be required prior to approval of a conditional use permit for such use. Said written proof shall be signed by the
	acting agency director or official or his/her authorized representative.
5.4.4	Commercial zone district regulations
5.4.4.1	Minimum lot size shall be 20,000 (twenty thousand) square feet for lots served by public water
J. T. T. I	and sewer and 1 (one) acre for lots not served by public water and sewer
	and server and I force, asic for low not served by public water and server

5.4.4.2	Minimum setback of any structure shall be 100 (one hundred) feet from any public road right-of- way and 10 (ten) feet from any lot line
5.4.4.3	Any structure exceeding 35 (thirty five) feet in height shall require a conditional use permit with
	the exception of metal towers such as windmills and antennas
5.4.4.4	Off-street parking shall be provided at the minimum rate of 2 (two) spaces per management
	employee on the premises
5.4.4.5	All loading docks, truck bays, etc., shall be located in such a manner that no public right-of-way
	is wholly or partially blocked during normal cargo loading or unloading procedures
5.4.4.6	Minimum setback of any non-farm vegetation exceeding 48 (forty eight) inches in height that is
	left standing after November 1st of any year shall be 33 (thirty three) feet from any public road
	right-of-way
5.5	Industrial zone
5.5.1	The intent and purpose of the industrial zone is to allocate specific locations for large-scale
	manufacturing, and processing and/or related enterprises where such enterprises may utilize natural
	and manmade resources to their benefit while imposing minimal adverse effects on surrounding uses.
5.5.2	Permitted uses
5.5.2.1	Agriculture
5.5.2.2	Processing of food, fiber, agricultural products, petroleum, and mineral resources
5.5.2.3	Manufacturing and fabrication enterprises
5.5.2.4	Railroad yards, including maintenance, storage, repair facilities, and offices
5.5.2.5	Communication towers, lines, equipment, maintenance facilities, and offices
5.5.2.6	Water treatment facilities, sewage lagoons, and sediment ponds, provided that written proof
	that all water treatment facilities, sewage lagoons, and sediment ponds meet or exceed that
	approval criteria set forth by any and all State agencies or officials shall be required prior to
	approval of a conditional use permit for such use. Said written proof shall be signed by the
	acting agency director or official or his/her authorized representative
5.5.2.7	Rock, sand or gravel excavation, crushing, and handling
5.5.2.8	Truck and freight terminals, warehousing, and bulk terminals involving dry, liquid and gaseous
	substances
5.5.2.9	Concrete and concrete product plants
5.5.3	Conditional uses
5.5.3.1	Single-family residential dwellings
5.5.3.2	Temporary work camps, provided that such camps shall provide occupancy only for those
	persons directly involved in the construction of industrial facilities during such construction. No
	such camp shall be in existence for more than 18 (eighteen) months. All such camps must be
	approved prior to occupancy by the county sanitarian.
5.5.3.3	Electrical generation facilities with greater than 5 (five megawatt [5 MW]) rate output
5.2.3.4	Livestock slaughter and meat processing operations only when written proof is provided to the
	Zoning Commission that any livestock slaughter and/or meat processing operations meet or
	exceed State Health Department standards. Approval of the county sanitarian shall be
	furnished prior to commencement of any such operations
5.2.3.5	Wrecking, junk, and salvage yards
5236	Medical marijuana manufacturing center and distribution center

5.5.4	Industrial zone district regulations
5.5.4.1	All enterprises in the industrial zone shall comply with all regulatory and legislative
	requirements set forth by any and all federal, state and local government agencies and offices.
	Written verification of such compliance shall be submitted to the Zoning Commission prior to commencement of operations
5.5.4.2	Minimum lot size in the industrial zone shall be 25,000 (twenty-five) square feet
5.5.4.3	Minimum setback shall be 50 (fifty) feet from any lot line and 100 (one-hundred) feet from any public road right-of-way
5.5.4.3	Minimum setback of any non-farm vegetation exceeding 48 (forty-eighty) inches in height that is left standing after November 1 st of any year shall be 100 (one-hundred) feet from any public road right-of-way
5.6	Recreation/open space zone
5.6.1	The intent and purpose of the recreational/open space zone is to encourage the conservation of public and private lands to be used for outdoor recreation and to preserve natural features and wildlife habitat.
5.6.2	Permitted uses
5.6.2.1	Agriculture
5.6.2.2	Harvesting of natural crops
5.6.2.3	Raising of game animals, fowl, and fish
5.6.2.4	Public parks, recreation areas, playgrounds, picnic area, and natural preserves
5.6.2.5	Flood water management structures
5.6.2.6	Historical structures and monuments
5.6.2.7	Structures and facilities used directly for the administration and/or management of lands in the recreation/open space district
5.6.3	Conditional uses
5.6.3.1	Residential dwellings either seasonal or permanent
5.6.3.2	Commercial retail businesses related to recreation, such as marinas, bait shops, and souvenir shops
5.6.3.3	Private docks, ramps, and boat houses
5.6.3.4	Campgrounds
5.6.4	Building height
5.6.4.1	The building height for residential buildings shall not exceed 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ (two and one-half) stories or 35 (thirty five) feet except for farm buildings and structures
5.6.4.2	The building heights for manufacturing of agricultural products and for construction and maintenance of livestock and agricultural waste systems shall be determined by the County Commission
5.6.4.3	The building height, except for radio and TV towers, MET towers, wind turbines, and church steeples, shall not exceed 35 (thirty five) feet.
5.6.4.4	For non-farm uses, the parking requirements shall be subject to the provisions of Section 6.2 of these regulations
5.6.4.5	Sign requirements shall be subject to the provisions of Section 6.3 of these regulations

5.7	Juanita	Lake ordinance
5.7.1		Purpose
5.7.1.1		The purpose of this section is to establish and preserve areas for developed recreational
		activity and residency around Juanita Lake wherein development is controlled to maintain the
		quality of the environment.
5.7.2		Permitted uses
5.7.2.1		Cabins
5.7.2.2		Mobile homes
5.7.2.3		Seasonal homes
5.7.2.4		Churches
5.7.2.5		Boathouses or storage buildings
5.7.2.6		Public picnic areas and playgrounds
5.7.2.7		Outdoor recreation facilities
5.7.2.8		Fences
5.7.2.9		Utility lines and pipelines as requested to provide services
5.7.2.1	0	Permanent residences
5.7.3		Conditional uses
5.7.3.1		Places of amusement
5.7.3.2		Refreshment stand
5.7.3.3		Commercial campground
5.7.3.4		Recreational vehicle park
5.7.4		Dimensional standards
5.7.4.1		Setbacks from normal water (minimum) 1465.2 (one thousand four hundred and sixty five and
		two/tenths) feet above sea level
5.7.4.1	.1	Residential 50 (fifty) feet
5.7.4.1	.2	Boathouse or storage buildings 50 (fifty) feet
5.7.4.1	.3	Decks are not subject to any set back or minimum sea level requirements
5.7.4.2		Yards
5.7.4.2	. 1	Side; no structure closer than 6 (six) feet
5.7.4.2	.2	From roads; 33 (thirty three) feet from water or County and Township roads
5.7.4.3		Residential lots (minimum)
5.7.4.3	.1	Width; 50 (fifty) feet
5.7.4.3	.2	Depth; 100 (one hundred) feet
5.7.4.4		Building heights (maximum)
5.7.4.4	.1	Residential; 35 (thirty five) feet
5.7.5		Elevation above sea level
5.7.5.1		No structure shall be set below 1465.2 (one thousand four hundred and sixty five and
		two/tenths) feet above sea level or ground level of the structure
5.7.5.2		Any improvements or alterations after adoption of this Ordinance will be required to follow
		the new Ordinance except for regular maintenance
5.7.6		Sanitation
5.7.6.1		A holding facility is required for all new construction
5.7.6.2		Any improvements to existing sewer systems require the installation of a holding tank system
5.7.7		Structure replacement

5.7.7.1 Shall be required to apply for a variance to meet setback requirements 5.7.8 Change of ownership 5.7.8.1 New owners will not be required to comply with this Ordinance at the time of sale, but must comply for improvements 5.8 Floodplain ordinance 5.8.1 Statutory authorization 5.8.1.1 The Legislature of the State of North Dakota has in NDCC 40-47, 11-33, and 58.03 delegated the responsibility to County governmental units to adopt regulations designed to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare of its citizenry. Therefore, the County Board of Foster County, North Dakota does ordain as follows: 5.8.1.2 Findings of fact 5.8.1.2.1 The special flood hazard areas of Foster County are subject to periodic inundation that can endanger life, result in loss of property, create health and safety hazards, disrupt commerce and governmental services, cause extraordinary public expenditures for flood protection and relief, and impair the tax base, all of which adversely affect the public health, safety and general welfare. 5.8.1.2.2 Flood losses caused by the cumulative effect of obstructions in the special flood hazard areas cause increases in flood heights and velocities. Inadequately floodproofed, elevated or otherwise unprotected structures also contribute to the flood loss. 5.8.2 Methods of reducing flood losses 5.8.2.1 To limit and prevent flood damages in Foster County, this Ordinance has provisions for restricting, prohibiting, and guiding development activities that can be subject to flood damage. 5.8.3 Disclaimer 5.8.3.1 This Ordinance shall not create liability on the part of Foster County, any officer or employee thereof, or the Federal Emergency Management Agency, for any flood damage that results from reliance on this Ordinance or any administrative decision lawfully made thereunder. 5.8.4 Lands to which this Ordinance applies 5.8.4.1 This Ordinance shall apply to all special flood hazard areas within the jurisdiction of Foster County as identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in its latest Flood Insurance Rate Map, dated June 21, 2017. This map is adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this Ordinance. It is on file at the office of the Foster County Auditor, 1000 5th St. North, Carrington, North Dakota. Permit procedures 5.8.5 5.8.5.1 **Permits** 5.8.5.1.1 Before any construction or development begins within a special flood hazard area, a Foster County building permit application form and also the floodplain development application and permit form shall be obtained from the Office of Tax Equalization. The portion of the permit referring to the flood hazard area will be reviewed by the Emergency Manager, the local flood plain administrator, hereinafter referred to as the responsible person. The permit shall include: 5.8.5.1.1.1 Elevation in relation to mean sea level, of the lowest floor (including basement) of all proposed structures

5.8.5.1.1.2	Elevation in relation to mean sea level to which any structure will be
5.8.5.1.1.3	floodproofed Certification by a registered professional engineer or architect that the floodproofing methods for any non-residential structure meet the floodproofing criteria in Section 5.8.6 and the Ordinance specifications for Juanita Lake and
5.8.5.1.1.4	Description of the extent to which any watercourse will be altered or relocated as a result of proposed development.
5.8.5.2	Use of other base flood data
5.8.5.2.1	When base flood elevation data has not been provided in accordance with Section 5.8.4, the responsible person shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any base flood elevation and floodway data available from a Federal, State, or other source, (known as best available data) in order to administer this section, Section 5.8.6.1, and Section 5.8.6.2.
5.8.5.3	Permit review
5.8.5.3.1	All permit applications shall be reviewed (using the best available base flood elevation data from any Federal, State, or Local source) to
5.8.5.3.1.1	Assure sites are reasonably safe from flooding
5.8.5.3.1.2	Determine that all necessary permits have been obtained from those federal, state, or local agencies from which prior approval is required and
5.8.5.3.1.3	Determine if the proposed development adversely affects the flood carrying capacity of a flood-prone area. For the purposes of this Ordinance, "adversely affects" means damage to adjacent properties because of rises in flood stages attributed to physical changes of the channel and the adjacent overbank areas.
5.8.5.3.2	If it is determined that there is no adverse effect and the development is not a building, then
0.0.0.0.	the permit shall be granted without further considerations.
5.8.5.3.3	If it is determined that there is an adverse effect, then technical justification (i.e., a registered
	professional engineer) for the proposed development shall be required.
5.8.5.3.4	If the proposed development is a building, then the following provisions of this Ordinance shall apply.
5.8.6	Standards
5.8.6.1	General standards
5.8.6.1.1	In all special flood hazard areas, the following standards are required
5.8.6.1.1.1	Anchoring
5.8.6.1.1.1.1	All new construction and substantial improvements (including additions) shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement of the structure.
5.8.6.1.1.1.2	All manufactured homes must be elevated and anchored to resist flotation, collapse or lateral movement. Methods of anchoring may include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors. This requirement is in addition to applicable State and local anchoring requirements for resisting wind forces.
5.8.6.1.1.2	Construction materials and methods

5.8.6.1.1.2.1	All new construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed using methods and with materials and utility equipment that resist or minimize flood damage.
5.8.6.1.1.2.2	All new construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed using methods and practices that minimize flood damage.
5.8.6.1.1.2.3	All new construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed with electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, and air conditioning equipment and other service facilities that are designed and/or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.
5.8.6.1.1.3	Utilities
5.8.6.1.1.3.1	All new and replacement water supply systems and sanitary sewer
	systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of floodwaters into the system.
5.8.6.1.1.3.2	New and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to
	minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems
	and discharge from the systems into flood waters.
5.8.6.1.1.3.3	On-site waste disposal systems shall be located to avoid impairment
	to them or contamination from them during flooding.
5.8.6.1.4	Encroachments
5.8.6.1.4.1	Encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, and other
	development shall be prohibited in any floodway unless a technical evaluation
	demonstrates that the encroachments will not result in any increase in flood levels
	during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.
5.8.6.2	Specific standards
5.8.6.2.1	Residential construction
5.8.6.2.1.1	New construction and substantial improvement of any residential structure shall have
	the lowest floor, including basement, elevated on fill to at least 1 (one) foot above the
	base flood elevation.
5.8.6.2.1.2	Manufactured homes shall be placed so that the lowest floor is elevated on fill to at
	least 1 (one) foot above the base flood elevation.
5.8.6.2.2	Nonresidential construction
5.8.6.2.2.1	New construction and substantial improvement of any nonresidential structure shall
	either have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated on fill to at least one foot
	above the base flood elevation or, together with attendant utility and sanitary
5060011	facilities shall
5.8.6.2.2.1.1	Be adequately floodproofed up to an elevation no lower than 2 (two) feet
F063343	above the base flood elevation.
5.8.6.2.2.1.2	above the base flood elevation. Be floodproofed so that below the 2 (two) feet above the base flood elevation,
5.8.6.2.2.1.2	above the base flood elevation. Be floodproofed so that below the 2 (two) feet above the base flood elevation, the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the
5.8.6.2.2.1.2	above the base flood elevation. Be floodproofed so that below the 2 (two) feet above the base flood elevation, the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water. A registered professional engineer or architect shall
5.8.6.2.2.1.2	above the base flood elevation. Be floodproofed so that below the 2 (two) feet above the base flood elevation, the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water. A registered professional engineer or architect shall develop and/or review structural design, specifications, and plans for the
5.8.6.2.2.1.2	above the base flood elevation. Be floodproofed so that below the 2 (two) feet above the base flood elevation, the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water. A registered professional engineer or architect shall

5.8.6.2.2.1.3	Have structural components capable of resisting hydrostatic and
	hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy.
5.8.6.2.2.1.4	Be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect that the
	standards of this subsection are satisfied. Such certification shall be provided
	to the responsible person as set forth in Section 5.8.7.
5.8.7	Administrative requirements
5.8.7.1	Information to be obtained and maintained
5.8.7.1.2	The responsible person shall:
5.8.7.1.2.1	Obtain and record the actual elevation (in relation to mean sea level) of the lowest floor (including basement) of all new or substantially improved
	structures, whether or not the structure contains a basement.
5.8.7.1.2.2	For all new or substantially improved floodproofed structures
5.8.7.1.2.2.1	Obtain and record the actual elevation (in relation to mean sea
	level) to which the structure has been floodproofed.
5.8.7.1.2.2.2	Maintain the floodproofing certifications required in Section 5.8.6
5.8.7.1.2.2.3	Maintain for public inspection all records pertaining to the provisions
	of this Ordinance.
5.8.8	Alteration of watercourses
5.8.8.1	The responsible person shall
5.8.8.1.1	Notify nearby communities, water resource districts and the North Dakota State
	Engineer, as necessary, prior to any alteration or relocation of a watercourse, and
	submit evidence of such notification to the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
5.8.8.1.2	Require that maintenance is provided within the altered or relocated portion of said
	watercourse so that the flood carrying capacity is not diminished; and
5.8.8.1.3	Notify the appropriate water resource district prior to removal or placement of fill
	within 200 (two hundred) feet of the bank of a body of water during normal flow or
	stage.
5.8.9	Penalties for non-compliance
5.8.9.1	Violation of the provisions of this Ordinance or failure to comply with any of its requirements,
	including violations on conditions and safeguards established in connection with grants or
	variances or conditional uses, shall constitute a class B misdemeanor. Any person who
	violates this Ordinance or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall upon conviction
	thereof be punished in accordance with the penalties of a class B misdemeanor by a fine not
	exceeding \$500 or by imprisonment for each such offense, and in addition shall pay costs and
	expenses involved in the case. Violations must be addressed by submitting a plan to mitigate
	the violation within 90 (ninety) days. The plan must include a completion date. Failure to
	correct the violation by the completion date stated in the plan shall be considered a separate offense.
5.8.9.2	Nothing herein contained shall prevent Foster County from taking such other lawful action as
	is necessary to prevent or remedy any violation.

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6.3.2.3 Directory signs shall not be larger than 20 (twenty) square feet in area for permitted uses	6.3.2.3		
	6.3.2.4		

6.3.2.5	Advertising signs shall not be larger than 96 (ninety-six) square feet
6.4	Mining of sand and gravel excavation
6.4.1	Purpose
6.4.1.1	The purpose of these provisions is to provide for mining and extraction of sand and gravel for commercial uses, to protect and preserve agricultural land by guiding such operations, and to minimize the traffic, noise, dust, fumes, and vibration impact on the adjoining uses and the road network.
6.4.2	Site approval requirements
	All sand and gravel mining and excavation sites require approval by County excepting those related to farming and County road maintenance
6.4.3	Data submission requirements
6.4.3.1	A site plan for operation and reclamation of the mined land including maps showing location of the land to be mined and location of roads and points of access to the site and maps showing the existing and proposed contours after the land is mined, and a time table for operation of the site
6.4.3.2	A guarantee that reclamation of the site be completed within 1 (one) year of closure of the operation of the site
6.4.3.3	Proof of compatibility with the existing land form including the vegetation and the surface and ground water resources
6.4.4	Proximity to existing uses
6.4.4.1	The operation of sand and gravel sites shall not be nearer than 500 (five hundred) feet to any residential uses or 300 (three hundred) feet to non-residential uses
6.4.5	Permit requirements
6.4.5.1	Any person who operates a sand and gravel operation shall obtain a permit from the County before resuming any mining or excavation of the sand and gravel sites
6.5	Sanitary landfills and solid waste sites
6.5.1	Compliance with North Dakota State laws and rules
6.5.1.1	Any person who operates a sanitary landfill or solid waste site shall comply with all North Dakota State laws and administrative rules set forth by the state agencies.
6.5.2	Compliance with County Ordinances and procedures
6.5.2.1	Where a County solid waste ordinance exists, any person who operates a sanitary landfill or solid waste site shall comply with the County Ordinance, rules, and procedures.
6.5.3	County Ordinance and procedures
6.5.3.1	The County hereby adopts solid waste provisions subject to the provisions of NDCC 11-33-20 to assure meeting the purposes of these regulations and the County Comprehensive Plan.
6.5.4	Purpose
6.5.4.1	The purpose of these provisions is to protect public health and ground and surface water, to prevent conflict with present land uses, and to preserve and protect natural resources in the County.
6.5.5	Site approval requirements
6.5.5.1	All solid waste sites require approval by the Zoning Commission
6.5.6	Locational standards
6.5.6.1	No landfill or incinerator shall be located within 1,000 (one thousand) feet of a residential use or within 500 (five hundred) feet of commercial buildings and structures

6.5.6.2	No landfill shall be located in areas where due to high water table, flooding, or soil conditions,
	its location may affect the quality of surface and ground water
6.5.6.3	No landfill operation shall be located nearer than 200 (two hundred) feet of all road and
	highway rights-of-way
6.5.7	Data submission requirements
6.5.7.1	Maps of the area showing existing features such as roads, highways, vegetation cover, water
	courses, drainage way, soils, topography, depth of water table, wet lands, sloughs, existing uses,
	and buildings and structures including the existing utility lines
6.5.7.2	A plan for operation of the site including a descriptive text explaining consistency or
	inconsistency with the natural or manmade environment
6.5.7.3	Records of data and information submitted to the appropriate agencies of the State of North
	Dakota and the County as a part of application for State and County permits
6.5.7.4	The Zoning Commission may require additional information if it deems it necessary
6.5.8	Statement of findings
6.5.8.1	Upon public notification and after a public hearing, the Zoning Commission shall determine
	whether the proposed site meets the requirements of these regulations. The Zoning
	Commission may place conditions for approval of the site.
6.6	lunk or Salvage Yards
6.6.1	Purpose
6.6.1.1	The purpose of these requirements is to preserve and protect the visual and other
	environmental amenities of the rural areas while allowing the salvage or junk yards as business
	places.
6.6.2	Site approval requirements
6.6.2.1	All sites for salvage and junk yards require approval by the Zoning Commission.
6.6.3	Locational Standards
6.6.3.1	No salvage or junk yard shall be located within 500 (five hundred) feet of a residential district
	and 200 (two hundred) feet of commercial buildings and structures.
6.3.3.2	No salvage or junk yard shall be located in areas which due to high water table, flooding and soil
	conditions may affect the quality of surface and ground water.
6.3.3.3	No salvage or junk yard shall be located nearer than 200 (two hundred) feet of all road and
	highway rights-of-way.
6.3.3.4	All salvage yards and operations shall be screened from the public view unless the salvage
	material is placed 500 (five hundred) feet away from any highway right-of-way and screened by
	natural vegetation, building and land form.
6.7	Jtilities
6.7.1	Purpose
6.7.1.1	The purpose of these provisions is to encourage orderly development of utilities in relationship
	to the agricultural and nonagricultural uses and to provide for the safety of the County
	residents.
6.7.2	General Requirements
6.7.2.1	The utilities include but not limited to electric power, electrical transmission lines, electrical
	towers and substations, natural gas pipelines, the petroleum product pipelines, water and sewer
	lines, telephone lines and other above ground or underground communication and energy
	transfer lines and pipelines.

6.7.2.2	All new utility lines and pipelines require a permit from the Zoning Commission.
6.7.2.3	All new utility lines and pipelines are considered conditional uses and shall conform to the
	provisions of Section 8.2 of these regulations.
6.7.2.4	All pipelines, natural gas, petroleum pipelines and other energy transfer lines shall be placed
	deep enough in the ground so as to not interfere with or become hazardous to normal farming
	operations.
6.7.2.5	Excavation for tunneling of any pipelines under roads, farm drains, group drains and local drains
	shall be done by the company owning or leasing said pipelines and the cost of said excavation
	and damages be born by the said company.
6.8 Public	and non-profit wildlife management areas
6.8.1	Purpose
6.8.1.1	These provisions are designed to address the need for public wildlife management areas and at
	the same time preserve and protect the interest of the County for its tax lease and investment in
	construction and maintenance of public roads.
6.8.2	General requirements
6.8.2.1	All publicly owned and non-profit agency wildlife management areas established after adoption
	of these regulations require a conditional use permit subject to the provisions of Section 8.2.
6.8.2.2	If the area is leased for this purpose, the public agency is required to provide the following as a
	part of the petition for a conditional use permit
6.8.2.2.1	A road maintenance agreement specifying duties and responsibilities of the
	owner/lessee for access and through roads.
6.8.2.2.2	Duties and responsibilities of the owner/lessee for the control of noxious weeds in the
	wildlife management area.
6.8.2.3	If the land is purchased by a public agency or a nonprofit entity for such a purpose, the public agency
	shall arrange for compensating the County for the loss of the property tax.
6.8.2.4	When a County road provides access to the wildlife management area, a road maintenance agreement
	specifying the duties and responsibilities of the public agency shall be a part of the conditional use
	permit.
6.9 Anima	I feeding operations
6.9.1	Purpose
6.9.1.1	These regulations are designed to allow commercial feedlots for feeding of livestock, fur bearers
	and poultry at the same time protect the adjoining uses against odor, run off and other
	incompatible characteristics associated with feedlots.
6.9.2	General provisions
6.9.2.1	Equivalent animal numbers
6.9.2.1.1	An animal unit equivalent is a unitless number developed from the nutrient and volume
	characteristics of manure for a specific livestock type. The term animal units is used to
	normalize the number of animals (e.g., head) for each specific livestock type which

and so forth, are listed in the following table

produce comparable bulk quantities of manure. The animal unit equivalents for types of livestock and the numbers of livestock for facility size thresholds of 300 animal units,

		Equivalent I		e Livestock for Four Si	zes of Animal
Livestock Type	Animal Unit (AU) Equivalent	300 AUs	1,000 AUs	2,000 AUs	5,000 AUs
1 horse	2.0	150 head	500 head	1,000 head	2,500 head
1 dairy cow	1.33	225	750	1,500	3,750
1 mature beef	1.0	300	1,000	2,000	5,000
1 beef feeder - Finishing	1.0	300	1,000	2,000	5,000
1 beef feeder - Backgrounding	0.75	400	1,333	2,667	6,667
1 mature bison	1.0	300	1,000	2,000	5,000
1 bison feeder	1.0	300	1,000	2,000	5,000
1 swine, > 55 lbs	0.4	750	2,500	5,000	12,500
1 goose or duck	0.2	1,500	5,000	10,000	25,000
1 sheep	0.1	3,000	10,000	20,000	50,000
1 swine, nursery	0.1	3,000	10,000	20,000	50,000
1 turkey	0.0182	16,500	55,000	110,000	275,000
1 chicken	0.01	30,000	100,000	200,000	500,000

6.9.3 Environmental protection

6.9.3.1 The operator of a new facility for animal feeding is expected to locate, construct, operate and maintain the facility so as to minimize, reduce or abate effects of pollution on environmental resources and on public safety and health. The operator of an existing facility is expected to operate and maintain the facility so as to minimize, reduce or abate effects of pollution on environmental resources and on public safety and health. Each operator shall comply with applicable state laws and rules, including the laws and rules administered by the North Dakota Department of Health and with any permits granted by that department. An operator is responsible for applying best management practices to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Ordinance and the permit and to prevent pollution of waters of the state.

6.9.4 Enforcement

6.9.4.1

In the event of a violation of this Ordinance or a judgement on a civil action by the North Dakota Department of Health, the local unit of government, after due process, can order cessation of a facility for animal feeding within a reasonable period of time and until such time as the operator corrects or abates the cause(s) of the violation. If the cause(s) of the violation are not remedied within a reasonable period of time as set by the local unit of government, the permit may be revoked.

The best management practices used shall be included in the operation and maintenance plan.

6.9.5 Severability

6.9.5.1 If any paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion of this Ordinance .

6.9.6 Setback requirements

6.9.6.1 Water resource setbacks

The operator of a new animal feeding operation that has more than 1,000 (one thousand) animal units, or is defined as a concentrated animal feeding operation, shall not locate or establish that operation

Within a delineated source water protection area for a public water system. The source water protection areas for water supply wells include the entire wellhead protection area. For the surface-water intakes of public water systems, source water protection areas include all or portions of the surface water that supplies the water for the public water system, including all or portions of the surface-water's shoreline.

Within 1,200 (one thousand two hundred) feet (365.6 [three hundred sixty five and 6/10ths}meters) of a private ground water well which is used for domestic use only and not owned by the operator or within 1,500 (one thousand five hundred) feet (457.1 [four hundred fifty seven ad 1/10th} meters) of a public ground water well that does not have a delineated source water protection area.

Within 1,000 (one thousand) feet (304.7 [three hundred four and 7/10ths] meters) of surface water that is not included in a source water protection area. Within the extra-territorial jurisdiction of any incorporated city.

A local unit of government may, upon recommendation of the Zoning

Commission, increase or decrease a setback distance for a new animal feeding

6.9.6.1.1.1

6.9.6.1.1

6.9.6.1.1.2

6.9.6.1.1.3

6.9.6.1.1.4

6.9.6.1.1.5

operation after consideration of the proposed operation's plans, if it determines that a greater or lesser setback distance is necessary or acceptable, respectively, based upon site conditions or demonstrable safety, health, environmental or public welfare concerns.

6.9.7 Odor setbacks

6.9.7.2

6.9.7.1 The operator of a new facility for an animal feeding operation shall not locate that operation within the extra territorial zoning jurisdiction of an incorporated city.

An owner of property shall locate and establish a residence, business, church, school, public park or zone for residential use so as to provide a separation distance from an existing animal feeding operation. The separation distances, or setbacks, are listed in the following table. An owner of property who is an operator may locate the owner's residence or business within the setbacks.

Setback Distances for Animal Feeding Operations		
Number of Animal Units	Hog Operations	Other Animal Operations
fewer than 300	none	none
300 – 1000	0.50 mile (0.805 kilometer)	0.50 mile (0.805 kilometer)
1001 or more	0.75 mile (1.207 kilometer)	0.50 mile (0.805) kilometer
2001 or more	1.00 mile (2.414) kilometer	0.75 mile (1.207) kilometer
5001 or more	1.50 mile (2.414) kilometer	1.00 mile (1.609) kilometer

The operator of a new animal feeding operation shall locate the site of that operation from existing residences, businesses, churches, schools, public parks and areas of property that are zoned residential so as to exceed the corresponding listed setback from these places.

If notified in writing by an operator of a planned future expansion of an animal feeding operation, the local unit of government may implement the corresponding odor setback for a temporary time period not to exceed two years, after which time the setback will remain in effect only if the expansion was completed.

Conditional uses

6.9.8.1 Permit procedures 6.9.8.1.1 Applicability

6.9.8.1.1.3

6.9.8.1.1.1 The operator of a new livestock facility or an existing livestock facility, which meets the definition of an animal feeding operation and that is a conditional (or special) use of land as listed below, shall apply for and obtain a conditional (or

special) use permit.

6.9.8.1.1.2 A new animal feeding operation that would be capable of handling, or that expands to handle, more than 1,000 (one thousand) animal units is a conditional use of land.

An existing animal feeding operation that expands to handle more than 1,000 (one thousand) animal units is a conditional use of land.

6.9.8.1.1.4	Whenever the capacity of an animal feeding operation is expanded to handle more than 2,000 (two thousand) or 5,000 (five thousand) animal units, the operator shall apply for a new conditional use permit.
6.9.8.2	Procedure
6.9.8.2.1	The local unit of government may practice any or all of the provisions in the following subparagraphs in harmony with the permitting process of its general zoning regulations.
6.9.8.2.2	Application for a conditional use (or special use) permit shall be submitted to the local unit of government for tentative approval. The designated form for making application to the local unit of government shall be the same form that is utilized by the North Dakota Department of Health. The local unit of government shall notify the Department of Health that it has received such application.
6.9.8.2.3	The local unit of government shall notify by certified mail all property owners having property within the corresponding odor setback distance of a proposed new animal feeding operation. This notification must occur within 21 (twenty one) days of receiving the application. The approval process utilized by the local unit of government may include at least 1 (one) advertised public hearing.
6.9.8.2.4	Following tentative approval or denial of the application by the local unit of government, the applicant shall be notified by letter of the decision, including conditions imposed, if any.
6.9.8.2.5	The applicant shall then forward its application for a conditional use permit, together with the tentative approval by the local government, to the North Dakota Department of Health.
6.9.8.2.6	Following a review by the Department of Health of the operator's application for a state permit, the Department of Health will notify the local unit of government of its decision.
6.9.8.2.7	The conditional use permit will become final following the granting of a permit by the Department of Health.
6.9.8.2.8	A conditional use permit granted to the operator of a new animal feeding operation shall be put into use within 24 (twenty-four) months, or the permit shall lapse and the operator may re-apply.
6.9.8.3	Application requirements
6.9.8.3.1	The application for a conditional use or a special use permit to operate a facility for an animal feeding operation shall include a scaled site plan. If the facility will handle more than 1,000 (one thousand) animal units, the scaled site plan shall be prepared by a registered land surveyor, a civil engineer or other person having comparable experience or qualifications. The local unit of government may require any or all of the following elements, or require additional elements, in its site plan review process when needed to
600211	determine the nature and scope of the animal feeding operation.
6.9.8.3.1.1	Proposed number of animal units
6.9.8.3.1.2 6.9.8.3.1.3	Total acreage of the site of the facility
0.5.0.3.1.3	Existing and proposed roads and access ways within and adjacent to the site of the facility
6.9.8.1.1.4	Surrounding land uses and ownership, if the operation will have the capacity to handle more than 1,000 (one thousand) animal units

6.9.8.1.1.5 A copy of the permit application submitted by the applicant to the Department of Health 6.9.8.1.1.6 A copy of the nutrient management plan 6.9.8.1.1.7 Payment of an application fee of \$0.50 per animal unit 6.9.9 Ownership change 6.9.9.1 An operator of a facility that includes an animal feeding operation having a permit granted by this Ordinance shall notify the local unit of government of the sale, or the transfer of the ownership of that operation. If a facility ceases operation for longer than one hour, the must reapply for a permit subject to denial or approval. facility 6.9.10 Operating change 6.9.10.1 An operator of a facility that includes an animal feeding operation having a permit granted by this Ordinance shall notify the local unit of government of intent to include an alternate livestock type. The notice shall be given at least 120 (one hundred and twenty) days prior to the anticipated date of the change. 6.10 Geophysical exploration requirements 6.10.1 Any persons intending to carry out geophysical (including seismic) exploration activities in Foster County shall obtain a geophysical exploration permit at least 2 (two) weeks prior to commencement of such activities. In addition, a copy of the surety bond filed with the North Dakota Industrial Commission shall be affixed to the permit. Only the Zoning Commission may issue a geophysical exploration permit, it may also at its discretion suspend or revoke said permit, with or without prior notice to the permit holder or other parties. 6.10.2 The fee for geophysical exploration shall be as follows 6.10.2.1 Geophysical exploration permit......\$50.00 6.10.2.2 Drilling fee 6.10.2.2.1 First 10 holes.....\$25.00 per hole 6.10.2.2.2 Eleven or more holes.....\$10.00 per hole 6.10.3 Suspension or revocation of a geophysical exploration permit shall be accompanied by cessation of all activities at all sites covered by said permit, excepting those activities specifically allowed to continue, which shall be specified in written form. Notice of suspension or revocation of any geophysical exploration permit shall be delivered to the permit holder or any of his agents at any site covered by the permit or at any office of the permit holder. Any damages, special meeting costs, or other costs associated with any geophysical exploration permit or exploration activities which are incurred after issuance of said permit may be assessed against the permit holder. 6.10.4 Geophysical exploration activities are further required to be conducted in compliance with all State and Federal laws and regulations relating thereto, including but not limited to those summarized in Appendix I. 6.11.3 Wind energy facility

6.11.1 **Purpose**

6.11.1.1 The purpose of the Ordinance is to provide a regulatory framework for the siting, construction and operation of wind energy facilities in the County, subject to reasonable restrictions, which will preserve the safety and well-being of the residents, while fostering equitable and orderly development of wind energy facilities.

6.11.2	Regulatory framework
6.11.2.1	Zoning
6.11.2.1.1	Wind energy facilities may be constructed within the County, subject to the restrictions and conditions of this Ordinance.
6.11.2.2	Principal or accessory use
6.11.2.2.1	A different existing use or an existing structure on the same parcel shall not preclude the installation of a wind energy facility or a part of such facility on such parcel. Wind energy facilities that are constructed and installed in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance shall not be deemed to constitute expansion of a nonconforming use or structure.
6.11.2.3	Applicability
	The requirements of this Ordinance shall apply to all wind energy facilities with one or more wind turbines rated at 100 (one hundred) kilowatts nameplate capacity or larger constructed after the effective date of this Ordinance. No operation of an existing wind energy facility shall be allowed without full compliance with this Ordinance and its wind energy facility siting permit, and no modification or alteration of an existing wind energy facility shall be allowed without issuance of a new wind energy facility siting permit pursuant to Section 6.11.3.
6.11.3	Wind energy facility siting permit
6.11.3.1	Application for permit
6.11.3.1.1	No work, except for wind monitoring, soil testing and other survey work, may commence to construct a wind energy facility until a County wind energy facility siting permit has been issued by the County Commission.
6.11.3.1.2	The prospective Permitee shall submit an application for said permit to the Zoning Commission.
6.11.3.1.3	The application shall include
6.11.3.1.3.1	The signature of an authorized representative of the prospective Permitee
6.11.3.1.3.2	A fee of \$1,000 plus \$250 for each proposed wind turbine up to a total amount of no more than \$10,000
6.11.3.1.3.3	The complete name, legal address and phone number of the prospective Permitee and responsible contact person.
6.11.3.1.3.4	A United States Geological Survey topographical map of the wind energy facility and 500 (five hundred) feet of all adjoining properties along the wind energy facility perimeter that shows all existing features, including property boundaries, structures, improvements, roads, utility lines, public facilities and natural features. The map shall also show location of all proposed improvements for the wind energy facility, including wind turbines, MET towers, electrical lines and roads.
6.11.3.1.3.5	A full description in technical detail for each proposed wind turbine including rotor diameter, model, and manufacturer and distances, measured in feet, from property lines and from existing improvements
6.11.3.1.3.6	Details as to how the prospective Permitee will comply with each item in Section 6.11.4.

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6.11.3.1.3.7	A schedule for the proposed start and completion of construction of the wind energy facility.
6.11.3.1.3.8	Copies or signed summaries of all leases and easements for wind turbines and associated equipment and infrastructure to be sited within the County and any written agreements between the prospective Permitee and affected parties holding associated wind rights on adjoining properties established for the purpose of seeking a setback variance(s) pursuant to Section 6.11.4.2.
6.11.3.2	Public Hearings
6.11.3.2.1	Upon receipt of the application, the Zoning Commission and any experts it may retain, shall review the application and, in its discretion, may hold a public hearing on the application within no more than 45 (forty-five) days from receipt of the application, providing at least 15 (fifteen) days' notice prior to the hearing in the official newspaper of Foster County and mailing written notice to property owners within 500 (five hundred) feet of the proposed wind energy facility.
6.11.3.3	Deliberation and decision
6.11.3.3.1	If the Zoning Commission finds that the prospective Permitee will comply with all requirements, it may, within no more than 30 (thirty) days after the hearing, issue a permit.
6.11.3.4	Demonstration of compliance
6.11.3.4.1	The permit issued pursuant to Section 6.11.3 shall be contingent upon the Permitee's final demonstration of compliance with the requirements of the Permit following completion of construction of the wind energy facility. Within 90 (ninety) days of wind energy facility construction, the Permitee shall submit to the Zoning Commission an updated and final United States Geological Survey topographical map, or survey if available, providing all information pursuant to Section 6.11.3.1.3.4 and demonstrating actual compliance with the requirements and conditions of the permit.
6.11.4	General Requirements for wind energy facilities
6.11.4.1	Appearance, lighting, facility footprint, agricultural operations, roads, and power lines
6.11.4.1.1	Wind turbines shall be painted a non-reflective, non-obtrusive color.
6.11.4.1.2	Wind turbines shall not be used for displaying any advertising except for reasonable
6.11.4.1.3	identification of the manufacturer or operator of the wind energy facility. Each wind turbine shall be marked with a visible identification number to assist with provision of emergency services, and the Permitee shall file with local fire departments, law enforcement and the County emergency management coordinator a wind energy facility map identifying wind turbine locations and numbers.
6.11.4.1.4	Wind turbines shall not be artificially lighted, except to the extent required by the Federal Aviation Authority or other applicable authority.
6.11.4.1.5	At wind energy facility sites, the design of the buildings and related structures shall, to the extent reasonably possible, use materials, colors, textures, and location that will blend the wind energy facility to the natural setting and existing environment.
6.11.4.1.6	At wind energy facility sites, the location and construction of access roads and other infrastructure shall, to the extent reasonably possible, minimize disruption to farmland, the landscape and agricultural operations within the County.
6.11.4.1.7	The Permitee shall promptly replace or repair all fences or gates removed or damaged during all phases of the wind energy facility's life, unless otherwise negotiated with the affected landowner. When the Permitee installs a gate where electric fences are present, the Permitee shall provide for continuity in the electric fence circuit.

6.11.4.1.8	The Permitee shall ensure that, following completion of construction of a wind energy
0.11.4.1.0	facility, County roads will be repaired or restored to a condition at least equal to the
	condition prior to construction of such facility.
6.11.4.1.9	The Permitee shall place electrical lines, known as collectors, and communication cables
	underground when located on private property. Collectors and cables shall also be
	placed within or adjacent to the land necessary for wind turbine access roads, unless
	otherwise negotiated with the affected landowner. This paragraph does not apply to
6.11.4.10	feeder lines.
0.11.4.10	The Permitee shall place overhead feeder lines on public rights-of-way, if a public right-of-way exists, or the Permitee may place feeder lines on private property. A change of
	routes may be made as long as the feeders remain on public rights of way and approval
	has been obtained from the governmental unit responsible for the affected right-of-
	way. When placing feeders on private property, the Permitee shall place the feeder in
	accordance with the easement negotiated with the affected landowner.
6.11.4.2	Setbacks
6.11.4.2.1	The following setbacks and separation requirements shall apply to all wind turbines in a wind
	energy facility.
6.11.4.2.1.1	Occupied structures and facilities
6.11.4.2.1.1.1	Each wind turbine shall be set back from the nearest occupied dwelling,
	commercial building or publicly-used structure or facility at a distance not less
	than 1.25 (one and one-quarter) times its total height or 750 (seven hundred and fifty) feet, whichever is greater. A variance may be granted if an authorized
	representative or agent of the Permitee and those affected parties on adjoining
	properties with associated wind rights sign a formal and legally-binding
	agreement expressing all parties' support for a variance that waives or reduces
	the setback requirement.
6.11.4.2.1.2	Public roads and above ground communication and electrical lines
6.11.4.2.1.2.1	Each wind turbine shall be set back from the nearest public road or above
	ground communication and electrical lines at a distance not less than 200 (two
	hundred) feet, determined at the center of the existing right-of-way.
6.11.4.2.1.3	Wind energy facility perimeter
6.11.4.2.1.3.1	Each wind turbine shall be set back from the wind energy facility
	perimeter at a distance not less than 5 (five) times the rotor diameter of the wind turbine. A variance may be granted if an authorized representative or
	agent of the Permitee and those affected parties on adjoining properties with
	associated wind rights sign a formal and legally-binding agreement expressing
	all parties' support for a variance that waives or reduces the setback
	requirement.
6.11.4.2.1.4	Minimum ground clearance
6.11.4.2.1.4.1	The blade tip of any wind turbine shall, at its lowest point, have ground
	clearance of no less than 75 (seventy-five) feet.
6.11.4.2.1.5	Restoration of property
6.11.4.2.1.5.1	Within 180 (one hundred and eighty) days of termination or abandonment of leases or easements for a wind energy facility in the County, the Permitee shall
	leases of easements for a will effergy facility in the county, the Perfillee Shall

cause, at its expense, removal of all structures to a depth of 4 (four) feet below pre-construction grade.

6.11.4.3 Transfer of wind energy facility siting permit

permit is being transferred.

6.11.4.3.1 In the event of a change in ownership or controlling interest in a wind energy facility and the transfer of the permit, any successors and assigns of the original Permitee shall comply with the requirements and conditions of such permit for the duration of operation of a wind energy facility permitted in the County. Within 30 (thirty) days of such change in ownership or controlling interest of any entity owning a wind energy facility, the parties to the transaction shall notify the Zoning Commission by letter and provide information pursuant to Section 6.10.3. The letter shall be signed by the authorized representatives or agents of both the original Permitee and the entity to which the

6.12 Medical marijuana

6.12.1 Purpose and intent

- 6.12.1.1 The 2017 North Dakota Legislature enacted Senate Bill 2344, relating to the implementation of the North Dakota Compassionate Care Act, NDCC 19-24 for the regulation of medical marijuana dispensaries and the cultivations and propagation of medical marijuana in North Dakota.
- 6.12.1.2 All persons, entities or organizations wishing to establish a medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) within the County must apply for and be granted a conditional use permit for said use.
- 6.12.1.2.1 The use, cultivation, manufacturing, production, distribution, possession and transportation of marijuana remains illegal under federal law, and marijuana remains classified as a "controlled substance" by both North Dakota and federal law The County Commission does not have the authority to, and nothing in this chapter is intended to, authorize, promote, condone or aid the production, distribution or

possession of medical marijuana in violation of any applicable law;

- 6.12.1.2.3

 The County Commission intends to regulate the use, acquisition, cultivation, manufacturing, and distribution of usable medical marijuana in a manner that is consistent with the NDCC. The regulations are intended to apply to all medical marijuana operations in the County by any medical marijuana business permitted under State law. Medical marijuana cultivation and production can have an impact on health, safety, and community resources, and this chapter is intended to permit State-licensed medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) where they will have a minimal negative impact;

 6.12.1.2.4

 To the extent that medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution
 - To the extent that medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s)s are registered and authorized by the State of North Dakota to operate in the County, the Zoning Commission and the County Commission desire to provide for their licensing and regulation to protect the public health, safety and general welfare of the citizens of the County;
- 6.12.1.2.5 This chapter is to be construed to protect the public over medical marijuana business interests. Operation of a medical marijuana business is a revocable privilege and not a right in the County. There is no property right for an individual or business to have medical marijuana in the County; and medical marijuana is a heavily regulated industry in the State and County, and the County has a zero-tolerance policy for violations of this chapter.
- 6.12.1.2.6 The purpose of this chapter is to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the residents and patients of the County by prescribing the manner in which

	medical marijuana businesses can be conducted in the County. Further, the				
6.12.1.2.6.1	purpose of this chapter is to Provide for a means of cultivating, manufacturing and distribution of usable marijuana to patients who qualify to obtain, possess, and use				
6.12.1.2.6.2	marijuana for medical purposes as prescribed by State law. Protect public health and safety through reasonable limitations on business operations as they relate to noise, air and water quality, neighborhood and patient safety, security for the business and its				
6.12.1.2.6.3	personnel, and other health and safety concerns. Impose fees to cover the cost to the County of licensing medical marijuana businesses in an amount sufficient for the County to cover the costs of the				
6.12.1.2.6.4	licensing program. Create regulations that address the particular needs of the facilities, patients and residents of the County and comply with laws that may be enacted by the state regarding medical marijuana				
6.12.2	Definitions				
6.12.2.1	Unless specified in this Ordinance in Section 2.2, all terms defined in NDCC 19-24-02 or successors to that statute shall have the definitions provided therein.				
6.12.2.2 6.12.2.2.1	Annual permit fee As authorized by the County Commissioners, the Zoning Commission is to establish an annual permit fee to offset costs associated with policing, site inspections, monitoring, storage of media, and/or regulating medical marijuana facilities involved in the cultivation, propagation, manufacturing, processing, refining, distribution, delivery, supply, sale or handling of medical marijuana.				
6.12.2.3	Conditional use permit requirements				
6.12.2.3.1	In addition to the requirements applicable to all conditional use permit applications,				
	an application for a conditional use permit for a medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) must include the following:				
6.12.2.3.1.1	Proof of insurance (see Section 6.12.3 for insurance requirements).				
6.12.2.3.1.2	List of all persons and entities with an ownership interest in the manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) including all shareholders that hold any share in stock in the manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s).				
6.12.2.3.1.3	A security plan depicting the location and configuration of security cameras and surveillance equipment.				
6.12.2.3.1.4	A complete description of the products and services to be produced or sold by the medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s).				
6.12.2.3.1.5 6.12.2.3.1.6	A notarized statement acknowledging that the applicant understands applicable federal laws, any guidance or directives issued by the U.S. Department of Justice, the laws of the State of North Dakota and the laws and regulations of the County applicable thereto concerning the operation of medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s). The written statement shall also acknowledge that any violation of any laws or regulations of the State of North Dakota or of the County, or any activity in violation of any guidance or directives issued by the U.S. Department of Justice, in such place of business, or in connection therewith, or the commencement of any proceeding relating to such medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) by federal authorities, may render the license subject to immediate suspension or revocation. A notarized statement that the applicant will hold harmless, indemnify, and defend				
0.12.2.3.1.0	the County against all claims and litigation arising from the issuance of license and/or a conditional use permit including any claims and litigation arising from the				

manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s), operation or ownership of the medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s). 6.12.2.3.1.7 A notarized acknowledgement that the applicant is seeking a medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) conditional use permit and that the applicant understands and acknowledges that the burden of proving qualifications to receive such a conditional use permit is at all times on the applicant; that the granting of a conditional use permit for a medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) is at the discretion of the County Commission; and that the applicant agrees to abide by the decision of the County Commission. 6.12.2.3.1.8 The Zoning Commission may require additional plans, documents or other information prior to deeming the application complete. 6.12.2.3.1.9 A medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s)' conditional use permit shall be reviewed annually by the County Commission for renewal. 6.12.2.3.1.10 If the State of North Dakota or its electorate repeals the Compassionate Care Act or the act is otherwise declared void, all medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s)' conditional use permits issued by the County Commission will be deemed to have immediately expired. 6.12.2.3.11 Once a conditional use permit is obtained for a medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s), any change in operation of the facility or in ownership shall require prior approval of the County Commission. 6.12.2.3.12 Any building modifications or alterations must be approved by the Zoning Commission. 6.12.3 Medical marijuana insurance and bond requirements 6.12.3.1 The minimum amount of third-person insurance coverage for a medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) shall be \$1,000,000.00 (one million dollars) per occurrence, \$2,000,000.00 (two million dollars) general aggregate for bodily injury and property damage arising out of licensed activities and \$1,000,000.00 (one million dollars) products and completed operations aggregate, commercial automobile coverage in a minimum of \$1,000,000.00 (one million dollars) and excess liability in a minimum of \$3,000,000.00 (three million dollars). 6.12.3.2 The County shall be named as an additional insured on all general liability, umbrella, and excess insurance policies required under this section. All insurance policies required under this section shall be primary over any other valid and collectible insurance. 6.12.4 Medical marijuana design standards 6.12.4.1 Each medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) must be located in a separate, permanent, stand-alone structure and have a minimum 6 (six) foot high perimeter fence encompassing the parcel boundary. 6.12.4.2 Each medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) must be located a minimum of 2,640 (two thousand sixty four) feet from a public or private preschool, kindergarten, elementary, secondary or high school, public park, public community center, dependent care facility, homeless shelter, youth center, or place of worship. The distance shall be measured from the exterior fence of the medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) to the property line of the protected use. 6.12.4.3 Each medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) must be located a minimum of 500 (five hundred) feet from any residential district, or any

	residential dwelling, trailer, recreational vehicle or recreational district. The distance			
	shall be measured from the exterior fence of the medical marijuana manufacturing			
	center(s) or distribution center(s) to the property line or dwelling of the protected			
	use.			
6.12.4.4	No medical marijuana dispensary shall have operating hours earlier than 8:00 AM or			
	later than 7:00 PM.			
6.12.4.5	The entire perimeter of a medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution			
	center(s) structure must be well lit to prevent concealment in shadows around the			
	structure for a minimum of 15 (fifteen) feet around each structure that is part of the			
	medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s). Further,			
	everything within the fenced area shall have 24 (twenty four) hour surveillance			
	cameras depicting the entire exterior of the manufacturing center(s) or distribution			
	center(s) as well as cameras at the property entrance depicting vehicles and license			
	plates of each vehicle entering the parking lot.			
6.12.4.6	Each medical marijuana distribution center shall have at least 1 (one) parking space			
	per 250 (two hundred and fifty) square feet of structure.			
6.12.4.7	Each medical marijuana cultivation and/or manufacturing facility shall have at least 1			
	(one) parking space for every 1000 (one thousand) square feet of plant cultivation			
	area and 1 (one) parking space for each 250 (two hundred and fifty) square feet of all			
	other areas of the structure.			
6.12.4.8	With the exception of the specific medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or			
	distribution center(s) approved as part of a conditional use permit, no other activity			
	may occur within the facility or land parcel.			
6.12.4.9	No outdoor storage on-site shall be permitted.			
6.12.4.10	No drive-through, drive-up, or walk-up facilities shall be permitted.			
6.12.4.11	Each medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) must ensure			
	there is no emission of dust, fumes, vapors, or odors into the environment.			
6.12.4.12	Windows must remain unobstructed, allowing visibility into the facility. Window tint,			
	decals or window signage of any kind shall be strictly prohibited.			
6.12.4.13	Each permittee shall obtain an inspection of the property from the Zoning Commission			
	department or fire marshal prior to the annual renewal of the conditional use permit.			
6.12.4.14	All applicable state standards and requirements shall apply in the design and			
	operations of any manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s).			
6.12.5	Serviceability, exclusions, and exceptions:			
6.12.5.1	The provisions of this chapter do not waive or modify any other provision of this Ordinance			
	with which medical marijuana manufacturing center(s) or distribution center(s) is required to			
	comply. Nothing in this section is intended to authorize, legalize or permit the manufacturing			
	center(s) or distribution center(s), operation or maintenance of any facility, building or use			
	which violates any County Ordinance or statute of the State of North Dakota regarding public			
	nuisances, medical marijuana, or any federal regulations or statutes relating to the use of			
	controlled substances.			
6.12.5.2	This chapter shall be null and void if any determination is made, after the adoption of the			
	Ordinance enacting this chapter, by any court of competent jurisdiction, that NDCC 19-24, is			
	invalid, or shall be null and void to the extent any portion of such section is held invalid.			

6.12.5.3

Should any section, subsection, clause or provision of this chapter for any reason be held to be invalid or factually unconstitutional, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of the remaining portions of this chapter, it being hereby expressly declared that this chapter, and each and every section, subsection, sentence, clause and phrase hereof would have been prepared, proposed, approved, adopted and/or ratified irrespective of the fact that any one or more section, subsections, sentences, clauses or phrases of this chapter be declared invalid or unconstitutional.

ARTICLE 7 ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

- 7.1 Organization
- 7.1.1 Administration of this ordinance is hereby vested in 3 (three) offices of Foster County:
- 7.1.1.1 County code administrator
- 7.1.1.2 Zoning Commission
- 7.1.1.3 County Commission
- 7.2 Code administrator
- 7.2.1 The Code administrator is a duly appointed official authorized by the County Commission and is responsible to assist and make recommendations to the Zoning Commission, to the County Commission and to the Township Supervisors on any matter related to planning for and development of the County
- 7.2.2 Duties and Responsibilities
- 7.2.2.1 The code administrator shall be specifically responsible for the administrative responsibilities of the Zoning Commission and the County Commission.
- 7.2.2.1.1 Issue, upon approval by Zoning Commission, all zoning certificates and maintain records thereof.
- 7.2.1.1.2 Issue, upon approval by Zoning Commission, all building and repair permits
- 7.2.1.1.3 Issue May issue, upon approval by Zoning Commission, all certificates of occupancy for all buildings including mobile homes and manufactured homes.
- 7.2.1.1.4 Maintain zoning related records and zoning district map including records of all amendments, conditional uses and variances.
- 7.2.1.1.5 Receive, file and forward to the Zoning Commission all applications for zoning amendments and conditional uses.
- 7.2.1.1.6 Receive, file and forward to the County Commission all appeals for variances and special use permits.
- 7.2.1.1.7 Forward all recommendations of the Zoning Commission to the Township Supervisors for final
- 7.2.1.1.8 The Foster County Auditor shall serve as secretary for the Zoning Commission and the County Commission.
- 7.3 The Zoning Commission
- 7.3.1 The Zoning Commission, a citizen body, appointed by the County Commission, is hereby vested with authority and jurisdiction to administer the Ordinance, Subdivision Regulations, Building Code and Housing Code. Upon appeals or other duties of the County Commission, the Zoning Commission shall assist and make recommendations to the County Commission and to the County Commission on any matter related to planning for and development of the township.

7.3.2 Membership

7.3.2.1 NDCC 11-33-04 County Zoning states that for counties with 5 (five)-member boards of County Commissioners, the Zoning Commission shall consist of no more than 9 (nine) members. The membership is appointed yearly by the County Commission at the December meeting. At least 1 (one) member (at large member) must be appointed from each district; at least 2 (two) (at large members) must be from the governing body of the city that is the County seat; and at most, 2 (two) members may be from the County Commission (ex officio members). Ex officio members' terms of office on the Zoning Commission shall coincide with their terms of office. Three (3) at large members shall be appointed for a 2 (two)-year term and 2 (two) at large members shall be appointed for a 4 (four)-year term. All subsequent appointments shall be for a 4 (four)-year term. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be for the unexpired portion of the term.

7.3.3 Duties and responsibilities

- 7.3.3.1 The Zoning Commission shall interpret and enforce this Ordinance including the issuance of building permits, upon approval by County Commission.
- 7.3.3.2 Recommend for approval all zoning certificates and maintain records thereof.
- 7.3.3.3 Recommend for approval all building and repair permits
- 7.3.3.4 May recommend for approval all certificates of occupancy for all buildings including mobile homes and manufactured homes.
- 7.3.3.5 May inspect all buildings, structures and use of land to determine compliance with these and other applicable regulations of the County.
- 7.3.3.6 Notify, in writing, the property owner or user upon finding violation of this Ordinance and cite the nature of violation clearly and require compliance within a reasonable time. If the notification is not replied to or steps are not taken to correct the violations within 30 (thirty) days, the Zoning Commission shall make a report of the findings to the County Attorney and County Commission.
- 7.3.3.7 Maintain zoning related records and zoning district map including records of all amendments, conditional uses and variances.
- 7.3.3.8 To hear and act on all applications for amendments to zoning districts and make recommendations to the County Commission for approval, denial or approval with modification.
- 7.3.3.9 To hear and act on all applications for conditional uses in the manner prescribed in this Ordinance and make recommendations to the County Commissioner for approval or denial.
- 7.3.3.10 To hear and act on all other matters referred to by the County Commission
- 7.3.3.11 To study, examine and make recommendations to the County Commission regarding comprehensive planning for the future development of Foster County.

7.3.4 Officers

7.3.4.1 The Zoning Commission shall elect its own officers and may establish rules and procedures for all cases before it.

7.3.4.2 Notice of hearings

7.3.4.2.1 The Zoning Commission shall fix a reasonable date for hearing of applications for zoning district amendments, conditional use permits and other matters before it, give public notice thereof in the official newspaper of the County at least one (1) week prior to the hearing. The notices shall state the purpose of the hearing and that the applications and supporting documents for zoning district amendments and conditional use permits are available for public inspection in the office

of and/or designated place of businesses of the code administrator during the normal working hours.

7.3.4.3 Meetings

7.3.4.4.1

7.3.4.5.1

7.3.4.5.2

7.3.4.5.3

7.3.4.5.4

7.3.5.1

7.3.4.3.1 Meetings of the Zoning Commission shall be held at the call of its Chairperson and at such other times as the Zoning Commission may determine. All meetings shall be open to the public and any person may testify for or against a petition.

7.3.4.4 Interpretation of regulations

All questions of interpretation of this Ordinance shall be first presented to the Code Administrator, who shall forward the question to the Zoning Commission and that such questions shall be presented to the County Commission only on appeal from the decision of the Zoning Commission.

7.3.4.5 Building permit application

Any person or persons intending to construct or reconstruct or relocate a building or structure or make alteration shall, before proceeding with the work, obtain a permit from the Zoning Commission. All mobile homes and manufactured homes are required to comply with the Manufactured Housing and Building Code and are required to obtain a permit from the Zoning Commission for placement and relocation thereof.

Each application for a building permit shall be accompanied by a legal description and a map showing the actual dimension of the lot to be built upon, the size, shape and location of the building for observing the yard requirements of this Ordinance.

The application shall specify the type of the building, structure, material of which it is composed, the part or portion of the lot to be occupied by the principal building and accessory buildings and the probable building cost, together with such additional plans and specifications as may be required by the code administrator.

The edition of the Uniform Building code as published by the International Conference of Building Officials and adopted by the County Commission, together with any amendments made hereafter are incorporated and made a part of this Ordinance. In the event there is a conflict between the Uniform Building Code and the regulations, this Ordinance shall supersede.

7.3.5 Building permit

Upon approval by the County Commission, the Zoning Commission shall issue a building permit if the proposed building or structure conforms to zoning and building provision of this Ordinance.

7.3.5.2 Building permit fees

7.3.5.2.1 The code administrator shall charge and collect a fee according to the resolution of fees and schedules established by the County Commission.

7.3.5.3 Certificate of occupancy

7.3.5.3.1 The Zoning Commission may issue a certificate of occupancy upon inspection of the completed building, including placement of mobile homes and manufactured homes and assurance that all provisions and conditions set forth by the authority of this Ordinance are met. In the event the Zoning Commission finds violations and deviations from the terms and condition of this Ordinance, they shall make a report and recommendation for action to the County Commission.

7.3.5.4	Conditional use permit			
7.3.5.4.1	The code administrator shall issue a conditional use permit upon approval of the application by the County Commission in which all conditions shall be stipulated subject to the provisions of Section 8.2 of this Ordinance.			
7.3.5.5	Variances			
7.3.5.5.1	The code administrator shall issue the appropriate permit if the County Commission so approves. The terms of the variance shall be stipulated subject to the provisions of Section 8.3 of this Ordinance.			
7.4 Co	unty Commission			
7.4.1	The County Commission is vested with authority and jurisdiction regarding the interpretation and restrictions of this Ordinance. The County Commission shall review and act upon all applications.			
7.4.2	Duties and responsibilities			
7.4.2.1	To hear and decide all matters referred by the Zoning Commission			
7.4.2.2	To hear other matters related to the interpretation and administration of this Ordinance			
7.4.3	Notice of hearings			
7.4.3.1	Hearings will be held during regularly scheduled County Commission meetings with meeting notices following State open meeting laws.			
7.4.4	Meetings			
7.4.4.1	All meetings of the County Commission are open to the public and any one may testify for or against the application.			
7.5	Violations and penalties			
7.5.1	Violations of this Ordinance may be reported to the code administrator. Complaints referring to such violations shall be filed in written form and shall state fully the causes and basis thereof. The code administrator shall record properly said complaint, notify the Zoning Commission, and make an inspection of the affected site.			
7.5.2	Remedies for violations shall be in accordance with NDCC 11-33-17 and 11-33-21 as follows			
7.5.2.1	NDCC 11-33-17. Violation of zoning regulations and restrictions - remedies. If any building or structure is erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, repaired, converted or maintained, or if any building, structure or land is used in violation of this chapter, the proper County authorities or any affected citizen or property owner, in addition to other remedies may institute any appropriate action or proceedings.			
7.5.2.1.1	To prevent such unlawful erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, conversion, maintenance or use.			
7.5.2.1.2	To restrain, correct or abate such violations.			
7.5.2.1.3	To prevent the occupancy of the building, structure or land.			
7.5.2.1.4	To prevent any illegal act, conduct, business or use in or about such premises.			
7.5.2.2	NDCC 11-33-21. General penalties for violation of zoning regulation and restriction. A violation of any provision of this chapter or the regulations and restrictions made there under shall constitute the maintenance of a public nuisance and shall be a Class B misdemeanor.			
7.5.2.3	Each day that a violation of this Ordinance exists may be considered as a separate offense.			
7.5.2.4	In relation to feed lot zoning, the County Commission may impose a temporary suspension of a permit and/or civil fees in the form of monetary sanctions.			
7.6	Certificate of compliance			
7.6.1	Every application for building construction shall be reviewed for zoning compliance.			

Upon successful review, authorization to begin construction will be given.

AKTICLE	8 PROCEDURE FOR AMENDMENTS, CONDITIONAL USES AND VARIANCES
8.1	Zoning district amendments
8.1.1	Public hearing notice
8.1.1.1	The Zoning Commission shall hold a public hearing, a notice of which shall be published at least
	one week prior to the hearing in the official newspaper of the county. The notice of hearing
	shall include
8.1.1.1.	1 The time and place of hearing
8.1.1.1.	A description of the property by street address for platted lands and a clearly
	identifiable location for the unplatted lands
8.1.1.1.	The proposed use and requested zoning district change
8.1.1.1.	The time and place for public inspection of the documents in the county offices before the hearing.
8.1.2	Public hearing
8.1.2.1	The Zoning Commission, at the hearing, shall listen to all persons who may speak in support of
	or in opposition to the proposal. Upon the completion of its review, the Zoning Commission
	shall make a recommendation to approve, deny or modify the petition. The Zoning Commission
	may require additional information before it completes its findings and recommendations.
8.1.3	Data submission requirements
8.1.3.1	Petitions for zoning district change and conditional uses shall be submitted with the following
	information
8.1.3.1.	Legal description of the area proposed to be rezoned, the name and addresses of all owners of property lying within such area.
8.1.3.1.	A map showing the existing land uses and zoning district classification of the area.
8.1.3.1.	A site plan showing buildings and uses and in the zoning district proposed to be changed and the requested zoning district classification.
8.1.3.1.	A fee shall be paid in accordance with the schedule established by the County Commission.
8.1.4	Deliberation and decision
8.1.4.1	Following the hearing, the Zoning Commission, upon due deliberation, shall make a
	recommendation on the proposed amendment within 30 (thirty) days after the hearing.
	In making its finding, the Zoning Commission shall ascertain that the proposal for zoning
	district amendment is consistent with the County Land Use Plan and meets all
	requirements of this Ordinance and other regulations of the county. The Zoning

on the request during its next scheduled meeting.

8.2 Conditional use permits

8.2.1 Purpose

8.2.1.1

The development of this Ordinance is based upon division of the County into districts, within which district the use of land and building bulk and locations of building and structures are mutually compatible and substantially harmonious. However, there are certain uses which, because of their unique characteristics, cannot be properly classified as permitted uses in any particular district without consideration, in each case, of impact of those uses upon neighboring premises. Such uses, nevertheless, may be necessary or desirable to be allowed in a particular

Commission will forward its recommendation to the County Commission, who will act

district provided that due consideration is given to location, development and operation of such uses. 8.2.2 Public hearing notice 8.2.2.1 Shall be the same as the provisions set forth for public hearing for zoning district amendments in Section 8.1.1. 8.2.3 **Public hearing** Shall be the same as the provisions set forth for public hearing for zoning district amendments in Section 8.1.2. 8.2.4 Data submission requirements Shall be the same as the provisions set forth for data submission requirements for zoning district amendment in Section 8.3. 8.2.5 Deliberation and decision Shall be the same as the provisions set forth for data submission requirements for zoning district amendment in Section 8.4. 8.2.6 Standards 8.2.6.1 No application for conditional use shall be recommended for approval unless the Zoning Commission finds that all of the following conditions are present 8.2.6.1.1 That the establishment, maintenance or operation of the conditional use will not be detrimental to or endanger the public health, safety, or general welfare. 8.2.6.1.2 That the uses, value of other property in the neighborhood for purposes already permitted shall be in no foreseeable manner substantially impaired or diminished by the establishment, maintenance or operation of the conditional use. 8.2.6.1.3 That the establishment of the conditional use will not impede the development and improvement of the surrounding property for uses permitted in the district. 8.2.6.1.4 That adequate utilities, access roads, drainage or other necessary site improvements have been or are being provided. 8.2.6.1.5 That adequate measures have been or will be taken to provide ingress and egress so designed as to minimize traffic congestion in the public street. 8.2.6.1.6 That the conditional use shall substantially conform to all applicable regulations of the district in which it is located. 8.2.7 Conditions and guarantees 8.2.7.1 Prior to the decision on any conditional use, the County Commission may stipulate such conditions and restrictions upon the establishment, location, construction, maintenance and operation of the conditional use as deemed necessary to promote the public health, safety and general welfare of the community, and to secure compliance with the standards and requirements specified in Section 8.2.6. In all cases in which conditional uses are granted, the County Commission shall require such evidence and guarantees as it may deem necessary as proof that the conditions stipulated in connection therewith are being and will be complied with. 8.2.7.2 No alteration of a conditional use shall be permitted unless approved by the County Commission. Where the County Commission has approved or conditionally approved an application for a conditional use, such approval shall become null and void within twelve (12)

months of the date of the County Commission action unless the use is commenced, construction

is underway or the current owner possesses a valid building permit.

8.3 Varian	ces		
8.3.1	Variance from the terms of this Ordinance shall be granted provided that the applicant establishes pro		
	of practical difficulty or undue hardship.		
8.3.2	Public hearing notice		
8.3.2.1	The Zoning Commission shall hold a public hearing, a notice of which shall be published at least		
	1 (one) week prior to the hearing in the official newspaper of the County. The notice of hearing		
	shall include		
8.3.2.1.1	The time and place of hearing		
8.3.2.1.2	Description of the property by street address for platted lands and clearly identifiable		
	location for unplatted lands		
8.3.2.1.3	The proposed use and requested zoning district change		
8.3.2.1.4	Time and place for public inspection of the documents in the County offices before the		
	hearing		
8.3.3	Public hearing		
8.3.3.1	The Zoning Commission at the hearing shall listen to all persons who may speak in support of or		
	in opposition to the proposal. Upon the completion of its review, the Zoning Commission will		
	recommend to the County Commission to approve, deny or modify the proposal. The Zoning		
	Commission may require additional information before it completes its findings and decision.		
8.3.4	Data submission requirements		
8.3.4.1	Petitions for variances or special use permits shall be submitted with the following information		
8.3.4.1.1	Legal description of the area proposed to be rezoned, the name and addresses of all		
	owners of property lying within such area.		
8.3.4.1.2	A map showing the existing land uses and zoning district classification of the area.		
8.3.4.1.3	A site plan showing the existing buildings and uses and the requested changes.		
8.3.4.1.4	A fee shall be paid in accordance with the schedule established by the County		
	Commission.		
8.3.5	Deliberation and decision		
8.3.5.1	In making it's finding, the Zoning Commission shall ascertain that the request for variance is		
	consistent with the County Land Use Plan and meets all requirements of this Ordinance and		
	other regulations of the County.		
8.3.6	Standards		
8.3.6.1	No application for variance or special use permit shall be approved unless the Zoning		
	Commission finds that all of the following are present.		
8.3.6.1.1	That special conditions and circumstances exist that are peculiar to the premises and		
	that are not applicable to other premises in the same zoning district.		
8.3.6.1.2	That literal interpretation of this Ordinance would deprive the applicant of rights		
	commonly enjoyed by other properties in the same zoning district.		
8.3.6.1.3	That the special conditions and circumstances have not resulted from actions of the		
	applicant.		
8.3.6.1.4	That granting the variance requested will not confer upon the applicant any special		
	privileges that are denied by this Ordinance to other premises.		

8.3.7 8.3.7.1 8.3.7.2 8.3.7.3	Justification That the reasons set forth in the application justify the granting of the variance. The variance is the minimum, which would make possible a reasonable use of the premises. That the granting of variance will be in harmony with the general purpose of this Ordinance and will not be injurious to the surrounding premises, neighborhood or the County and will not be contrary to the land use plan and the purposes of this Ordinance. That there is practical difficulty or unnecessary hardship in use of the premises if the strict application of the regulations were to be carried out.				
8.3.8	Authorized variances				
8.3.8.1	A variance may be granted for any yard or setback less than the yard or setback as required by this Ordinance.				
8.3.8.1.1	To reduce not by more than 20 (twenty) percent the applicable requirements for lot area and lot width				
8.3.8.1.2	To reduce the applicable off-street parking or loading facilities by no more than 50 (fifty) percent of the requirements				
8.3.8.1.3	To permit the use of lot of record if it is smaller than the minimum size required by this Ordinance				
8.3.8.1.4	To permit roof alterations to provide additional windows, headroom or area for occupancy of third level				
8.3.8.1.5	To permit conversion of an existing building to a permitted residential use provided that it shall not conflict with the above standards cited in Section 8.3.6 and Section 8.3.7.				
8.4 Am	endments				
8.4.1	Initiation of amendment				
8.4.1.1	Amendments may be proposed by the Zoning Commission or any person, firm, corporation or organization which has a freehold interest or contractual interest in a building, structure, lot, or parcel of land.				
8.4.2	Application for amendment				
8.4.2.1	Application for an amendment shall be filed with the code administrator who shall forward all such applications to the Zoning Commission.				
8.4.3	Notice of public hearing				
8.4.3.1	Notice of hearing shall include time, place and purpose of such hearing and shall be published at least one week before the hearing in the official newspaper of the County.				
8.4.4	Public hearing				
8.4.4.1	At the public hearing before the Zoning Commission, the proposed amendment is discussed. Any person may express opposition to or support for the amendment at such hearing. The Zoning Commission will forward its recommendation onto the County Commission for final action.				
8.4.5	Effect of denial of application				
8.4.5.1	An application for an amendment to the zoning district map or conditional use permit which has been denied by the County Commission shall not be made for a period of 1 (one) year from the date of such denials, unless the new application is substantially different from the denied application.				

- 9.1 Whereas, the Zoning Commission has approved this amended Zoning Ordinance, and recommends it adopted by the County Commission.
- 9.2 Now and therefore, be it resolved that the County Commission hereby adopts the Foster County Zoning

Ordinance.

County Clerk	Date	Chairman	Date		
9.3	Permit fee schedule				
9.3.1	The building permit fee schedule is available on the Foster County webpage (www.fostercounty.gov) o				
	from the Foster County Planning and Zoning Commission code administrator in the Foster County				
	Courthouse.				